

Top 10 Tips from Aruba TAC

Angel Vidal, Guillaume Germain, Rizwan Shaikh March 2013







Agenda



 Introduction to eSupport Before you open a ticket ArubaOS Aruba Instant AirWave ClearPass Product Family Mobility Access Switches









Check online resources such as

- Airheads Social (community.arubanetworks.com)
- Aruba Knowledge Base (support.arubanetworks.com)
- Aruba Validated Reference Design Guides (VRDs)
- Software Release Notes







- Phone Home allows an Aruba mobility controller to securely contact Aruba TAC server over the Internet to upload reports. Files are encrypted.
- All the phonehome commands are local commands
- Enable PhoneHome on all controllers

phonehome enable
phonehome auto-report
phonehome smtp <mail server ip address> <email address>





> C 🖹 https://127.0.0.1:4343/screens/switch/switch_action.html?mode=phonehome									
ARUBA MOE	MOBILITY CONTROLLER Flithbinks-650								
Dashboard Monitoring	Configuration Diagnostics	Maintenance	Plan 🦿			Logout admi			
CONTROLLER	File > Aruba TAC Support								
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Image Management	View PhoneHome Report Stat	us							
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Pre-empt the support info requests

- Be ready to supply logs "tar logs tech-support"
- Best to attach it to the ticket through the customer support portal
- Console output for RMAs (or a reason why there is none)
- Send the controller logs to a Syslog Server
 - Controllers can only store fixed amount of logs,
 - (Higher logging verbosity) x (More network usage) = Shorter Log Time
- Logs from other components in the network, such as controller, RADIUS servers, switches or clients







Try to simplify the issue

- Is it possible to replicate the issue on a simpler configuration?
- Sometimes the configuration is over optimized/tweaked Remove tweaks and optimizations that might be clouding the issue





Is this a new configuration?

• Did it break without any changes? If so, why?

- Increased load users and/or network traffix?
- Change in software version on the client side?
- New device types or application on the network?
- New interference source?







Help us help you! Provide as much information as you can!







ArubaOS





> #airheadsconf

General Availability Releases

 Aruba encourages adoption of these releases on large scale production network. e.g. ArubaOS 6.1.3.7

Early Deployment Release

 Introduces new software features and/or hardware platforms, may require unique topology and configuration considerations before the upgrade process. e.g. ArubaOS 6.2.0.3

Technology Release

Separate release that is meant for customers who need a specific feature. e.g. ArubaOS 6.1.3.6-AirGroup



Recommended to stay with General Availability code

- Most of our customers are now running 6.1.3.x
- Upgrade to the latest version of 6.1.3.x

Unless you need new features or platform support...

- DFS support on AP-9x, AP-10x and AP-13x (Supported under 6.2.x)
- 7200 series controller support (Supported under 6.2.x)
- RAP-3WN, RAP-108, RAP-109 Support (Supported under 6.2.x)
- AirGroup Support (Supported under 6.1.3.6-AirGroup)







- If upgrading from older version of code, upgrade hop to an intermediate version is required for most older ArubaOS versions
 - Latest releases in most older streams are able to upgrade to 6.1 or
 6.2 releases
 - Changes in the flash layout had to be made on the controllers to accommodate larger ArubaOS images
- Please read the release notes "Upgrade Procedures" section
 - 3.3.x (or 3.4.x) \rightarrow latest 3.4.4.x \rightarrow 6.1 or 6.2
 - 5.0.x → latest 5.0.4.x → 6.1 or 6.2
 - 6.0.x → latest 6.0.2.x → 6.1 or 6.2





If you need ArubaOS 6.2.x...

- And have a Non-XM version of the 3200 controller, you will need to buy a field kit (3200-MEM-UG) where you can upgrade the memory yourself
 - No, you can't use memory from the local PC shop
- Watch out if you plan to use DFS channels
 - Radar events can cause issues, especially with voice applications.





Other issues you might run into

- A long running or heavily utilized 3200 controller may need to be rebooted to ensure there is enough free memory for the upgrade
 - at least 60 MB of free memory available (show memory)
 - at least 75 MB of flash available (show storage)
- If you have RAP-2/RAP-5 deployed in your network, refer to the release notes before you upgrade as they will need to have their provisioning image on the backup-partition flashed/upgraded first before proceeding
 - Also, if upgrading from 3.x code, make sure to permit svc-ftp in the ap-role as it was not historically allowed. This will delay the upgrade process by about 15 minutes. (*Refer to the end of the slide deck for more information*)





- If upgrading to 6.2.x, please ensure to read the Release Notes ...
 - The default NAS-port-type for management authentication using MSCHAP-v2 is changed to "Virtual" instead of "Wireless"
 - If your pre-6.2 configuration contains an ACL with redundant firewall rules, upon upgrading, only the last rule will remain
 - 651 controllers will now function as 650 controllers and the internal AP will be disabled
 - User Idle Timeout Behavior Change





ArubaOS – Migrating to 7200 series controllers

- All controllers need to be running 6.2.0.x
- The controller configuration needs to be migrated from previous platforms mainly because of interface name changes
 - Ports are now named **slot/module/port** instead of **slot/port**
- Before starting your migration you should transfer your licenses to the new controller platform

- https://licensing.arubanetworks.com/







- Spectrum Load Balancing should only be enabled on APs in the same room
- Enabling Band-Steering in a sparse environment might cause issues with some clients
- Leave VLAN Pooling in "hashing" mode instead of "even"
 - If you must use "even" mode, enable "preserve-client" knob under the virtual-ap profile
- Mode-Aware-ARM can cause coverage holes
- It is not recommended to use controller as a DHCP server for more than two /24 IP-address ranges









- Rogue AP Containment will cause more issues than it solves – especially in busy networks – find the AP and disconnect it instead
 - If you do have to automatically contain it, find it quickly
- Limit invalid IP addresses from being added into the user table
 - Modify the "validuser" ACL to restrict Server and Gateway IP addresses



ArubaOS – Troubleshooting Authentication issues



 Incorrect time settings on clients and controllers can cause certificate validation issues, often silently

For Windows clients

- use MSFT tracing "netsh ras set tracing * enabled" to debug issues on the client-side
- Use ArubaOS command "show auth-tracebuf" for auth or roaming issues
 - Compare the behavior of the problematic client with an healthy one so you can spot issues





ArubaOS – Troubleshooting Authentication issues

show auth-tracebuf

						,			
Nov	3 11:08:02	station-up	*	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		_		wpa2 aes
Nov	3 11:08:02	station-data-ready	*	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:00:00:00:00:00		180	-	
Nov	3 11:08:02	m-auth resp	*	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		_	_	authenticated
Nov	3 11:08:02	wpa2-key1	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30	semame	-	117	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-start	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		-	-	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-id-req	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		2	5	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-id-resp	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30	_	2	44	host/pc1.lab.com
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-req	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30	Server	11	259	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-resp	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		11	129	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-req	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7: <mark>3</mark> 0		144	6	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-resp	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		144	180	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-req	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		12	478	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-resp	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		12	1141	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-req	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		145	1012	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-resp	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		145	6	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-req	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		13	304	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-resp	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		13	1137	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-req	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30	Radius ID 💊	146	1008	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-resp	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		146	6	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-req	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		14	304	
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Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-req	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		19	1436	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-resp	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/radpolicy1		19	188	I onath
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-req	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		152	65	– Lengui
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-resp	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		152	6	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-req	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/ise-policy1		20	304	
Nov	3 11:08:02	rad-accept	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30/ise-policy1		20	276	
Nov	3 11:08:02	eap-success	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		152	4	
Nov	3 11:08:02	station-data-ready	*	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:00:00:00:00:00		180	- [
Nov	3 11:08:02	m-auth resp	*	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		-	-	authenticated
Nov	3 11:08:02	wpa2-key1	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		-	117 L	
Nov	3 11:08:02	wpa2-key2	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		-	119	
Nov	3 11:08:02	wpa2-key3	<-	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		-	151	
Nov	3 11:08:02	wpa2-key4	->	00:21:6a:8b:0a:dc	00:1a:1e:66:f7:30		-	95	•
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ArubaOS – Troubleshooting Authentication issues

(Lab) #show aaa authentication-server radius statistics



RADIUS Server Statistics

Orphaned requests = 0



#airheadsconf



Airtime usage per-radio

(Lab) #show ap debug radio-stats ap-name <AP-NAME> radio <1 or 0> | include Busy Channel Busy 1s 7 Channel Busy 4s 6 Channel Busy 64s 6 Ch Busy perct @ beacon intvl 7 7 13 6 5 6 7 6 7 6 6 6 6 8 9 6 5 5 * Radio 0 \rightarrow 5 GHz * Radio 1 \rightarrow 2.4 GHz

- Values > 50% should be investigated
- Values > 70% will make for very poor user experience



ArubaOS – VoWIFI



Deployment tips

- If AP coverage allows for it, use 5GHz as it is always much cleaner
 - If on 5GHz, verify which channels the handset support; *channel 165 is not supported on many phones*
- On the 2.4GHz, clip the lower data rates
 - g-basic-rates 5 6
 - g-tx-rates 5 6 9 11 12 18 24 36 48 54
- Make sure voip-aware-scan is enabled in the arm-profile
- Enable "local-probe-req-thresh" with a SNR of 25
- Limit EIRP power delta to a maximum of 6 dB
 - min-tx-power 12
 - max-tx-power 18





Aruba OS – VoWIFI



Troubleshooting tips

- Make sure you have adequate coverage, rule of thumb is two celloverlap of -67dB. Some of the phones have a survey mode to check coverage using the actual radio of the phone
- Use "show auth-tracebuf" to follow troubleshoot authentication issues as the phone roams and to follow the roaming pattern of the phone









Use the "show ap remote debug mgmt-frames" to troubleshoot roaming issues

(Aruba620-Lab) #show ap remote debug mgmt-frames ap-name <AP-NAME>

Traced 802.11 Management Frames

Time	stamp	stype	SA	DA	BSS	signal	Misc
Mar	1 11:55:41	deauth	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	10:bf:48:be:a7:c7	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	15	-
Mar	1 11:38:45	assoc-resp	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	10:bf:48:be:a7:c7	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	15	Success
Mar	1 11:38:45	assoc-req	10:bf:48:be:a7:c7	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	43	-
Mar	1 11:38:45	auth	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	10:bf:48:be:a7:c7	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	15	Success
Mar	1 11:38:45	auth	10:bf:48:be:a7:c7	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	d8:c7:c8:8b:84:81	58	-





Aruba Instant







- There is no need for a console/serial connection to build an IAP network
 - Simply connect to the "instant" ESSID and configure away
- Configure your IAP networks from the WebUI, not from the CLI
- Aruba Instant WebUI was designed to be used with an iPad
- Use the built-in WebUI Help …





Aruba Instant – Use the help feature

● ○ ○ ☐ Instant ×			ц ^л				
← → C <u>k https</u> ://10.6.101.103:4	1343/#home		☆ 📲				
Settings RF PEF WIP VPN Wired Maintenance Support Help Logout Settings RF PEF WIP VPN Wired Maintenance Support Help Logout For Help, click any text in green italics Done							
I access point Utilization × Name → IP Address Mode SpectrumClients Type Role Channel Power (dB) Utilization (%) Noise (dBm) Channel Power (dB) Utilization (%) Noise (dBm) Channel Power (dB) Utilization (%) Noise (dBm) Channel Power (dB) Utilization (%) Noise AP-01 10.6.101.103 Access Disabled 1 105 Portal 11 17 69 -90 149+ 18 8 -93							
Airheads Instant		Monitoring 0 Alerts	IDS Configuration AirGroup ~				
Info	RF Dashboard		Usage Trends				
Name:Airheads InstantCountry code:USVirtual Controller IP:10.4.1.8Band:AllMaster:10.6.101.103OpenDNS status:Not connectedMAS integration:DisabledUplink type:EthernetUplink status:Up	Signal Speed	Utilization Noise Errors All access points	Clients				
English 🗘	\wedge ir W ave Sta	tus: Not Set Up Set Up Now	Pause				





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Watch out for security features on switches

- They can keep the Instant cluster from operating correctly

From the CLI, the following commands are interesting

- show stats ap
- show stats client
- show client
- show datapath







- Use the 'debug pkt' command to troubleshoot issues
 - No need to be physically close to the AP to know what is being transferred!
 - Can redirect traffic or just analyze using traffic flows

IAP101# debug pkt mac 44:2a:60:af:5e:40
IAP101# debug pkt match mac
IAP101# debug pkt type dhcp
IAP101# debug pkt dump
Press 'q' to quit.



Aruba Instant



pkt at asap firewall forward, 3249 (firewall entry), vlan 0, egress CP, ingress aruba002: mac: source 44:2a:60:af:5e:40, destination ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff, etype 800 ip: sip 0.0.0.0, dip 255.255.255.255, proto 17 udp: sport 68 dport 67 pkt at asap firewall check dhcp packet, 1657 (dhcp packet from client), vlan 1, egress CP pkt at asap firewall subnet from dhcp,1784(13-mobility subnet discovery), vlan 1, egress CP pkt at asap firewall forward, 3851 (bridge section), vlan 1, egress CP pkt at asap firewall forward, 3957 (session section), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall forward,4095(slowpath section), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall forward,4550(route section), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall forward,4571(cp route section), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall forward,4688(forward section), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap dhcp to stack, 3069 (dhcp packet going to stack), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood, 5693 (flooding), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood, 6130 (flooding packet to bond0), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood,6160(flooding packet to bond0), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood,6130(flooding packet to aruba000), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood,6160(flooding packet to aruba000), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood, 6130 (flooding packet to aruba002), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood, 6160 (flooding packet to aruba002), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood,6130(flooding packet to aruba102), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood,6160(flooding packet to aruba102), vlan 1, egress vlan 1 pkt at asap firewall flood,6170(stack section), vlan 1, egress vlan 1



AirWave









Running out of drive space will ruin your day. Don't allow it to happen!

- Airwave has a built in trigger that can be set to alert you that your partition has exceeded your configured percent used threshold
- Failing to address drive space issues in a timely manner can result in prolonged downtime





Airwave - Use Reports



- Use the default set of reports to get an understanding of what types of data is available
- Create your own custom reports based on the existing reports to provide the data you are most interested in
- Un-schedule (or delete) the default reports you don't care about. This will reduce clutter and improve AMP performance.
- Reports provide a valuable baseline for spotting anomalies on your network







- Triggers are a powerful tool for finding specific events that Airwave is aware of and notifying you
- SNMP Traps and Syslog messages have a way of warning of potential problems. Learn about the traps and syslog messages available in your device





- Make sure you finish adding all APs to your floorplan
- Take the time to make sure the scale is accurate and that your AP placement is correct
- Make sure your walls are properly drawn and the building materials are correct
- VisualRF works well when the configuration is complete and accurate



Airwave remembers your list preferences.

- If you have chosen to tell Airwave to display "All" or "Custom" records on a list and find yourself in a situation where the number of results are so large that the page stalls, you can reset that option to defaults
- Go to <u>http://yourampnamehere/user_info</u> and click "reset list preferences"





Airwave - Setup AMON



If you have Airwave, don't forget to enable AMON in your controller(s)!

- Enabling AMON will provide Channel Utilization and Active Interferers data
- This will allow you to track performance and resource utilization which can prevent problems down the line
- The RF performance tab also gets its information from AMON
- To enable amon on the controller, do:

(test3400-0) (config) # mgmt-server type amp primary-server 1.2.3.4







ClearPass Guest and CPPM







- Carefully choose the lifetime of client certs
- Create a process for handling client cert expiration
- Include OCSP responder information in the certificate
- Don't go crazy with key sizes. The larger the key size, the slower the performance. 1024 or 2048 bit is fine







- Don't hinder or "optimize" ClearPass cluster communications
- Make sure that the following ports are open and left alone from WAN optimization or application proxies:
- UDP Port 123 NTP (Subscriber to publisher)
- TCP Port 443 HTTPS (Bi-directional)
- TCP Port 5432 PostgreSQL for DB replication (Subscriber to publisher)





Guest 3.9 - Active Sessions

Guest->Active Sessions

- These are populated by RADIUS accounting.
- If something doesn't look right or is missing from here, check the RADIUS accounting configuration in your NAS.
- If you are using another vendor's NAS, make sure you have "Calling-Station-Id" set to use a MAC address instead of an IP address.
- If your ClearPass Guest is rejecting authentication requests due to authorization failures, you may be out of licenses.
- License count is based on the number of active sessions started within the past 1 hour.





Guest 3.9 - Slow Captive Portal Performance?

TCP Timestamps

- Depending on your network environment, TCP Timestamps could cause the captive portal to load very slowly or timeout
- To disable TCP timestamps in ClearPass Guest 3.x:
- Paste the following two lines into the System Config page in ClearPass Guest:
- # Disable TCP Timestamps to resolve slow captive portal page loads net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0
- See Solution ID: 3568 in our knowledgebase at support.arubanetworks.com







- ClearPass Guest 3.9 can be configured to alert you when drive space falls below separate levels of drive space percentage with increasing urgency
- ClearPass Policy Manager can also alert you about drive space if you have your notification settings defined
- If you get a notification about drive space, don't let it linger!
 Call us!



Policy Manager – VM Performance



- ClearPass can be EXTREMELY disk IO intensive and bursty in busy environments
- AAA requires near real-time responsiveness from its own database as well as any external authentication and authorization sources
- An unexpected back-end SAN or NAS slow-down can be catastrophic for your CPPM. Make sure you keep backups externally and/or make use of redundant VMs to mitigate this type of failure





Policy Manager 5.x - Slow Access Tracker



- Activity Reports and Access Tracker can be slow if you keep too much history on your CPPM box.
 - Loading the Access Tracker page or using Activity Reports queries the log database for data using your selected date range. On busy servers with thousands of authentications per day, this could be tens or hundreds of millions of rows of data.
 - Keep the number of days of user session data stored in the database to a minimum (3-5 days). The default is 30 days.
 - If you need to report on session data, consider using Insight rather than Activity Reports
 - ClearPass 6.x contains many performance improvements for managing large volumes of session log data



CPPM + Guest: Leverage Web Logins

Leverage Aruba user roles and Captive Portal Profiles

- With Capitve Portal profiles on an Aruba WLAN, you can send users to a custom web login page on ClearPass Guest
- This provides opportunities to send instructions or display other content to users by having ClearPass assign a user role to them which triggers a captive portal profile
- For example, if an AD user account is locked out or a password needs to be changed, place the user into a lockout or reset role and define those roles in the controller such that their captive portal profiles take them to corresponding web login pages with information on how to resolve the problem



ClearPass + Airwave: Setup SNMP

You can monitor your Airwave or ClearPass Server using SNMP!

- Connect your favorite NMS to either Airwave or ClearPass with SNMP and track Disk, Memory, CPU and Process information
- This will allow you to track performance and resource utilization which can prevent problems down the line
- You can even monitor ClearPass from Airwave starting with 7.6!





Mobility Access Switch







Mobility Access Switch



- Configure the same spanning-tree protocol as the rest of the neighbors
 - MSTP is enabled by default in S2500/S3500
- If there are multiple redundant uplinks, use LAGs whenever possible
 - It eliminates the need to enable per-vlan spanning-tree protocols and increases throughput
- Enabling Root Guard and BPDU Guard will keep someone from affecting the network if they connect a spanning-tree enabled switch









- Enable Portfast on Access Ports as it will reduce the time it takes for a port to move to a forwarding state
- For trunk ports, allow needed VLANs only
- It is better to disable split-detection under stackprofile for two-member stacks







In conclusion







support@arubanetworks.com

- One email address for all products
- You can always request your ticket to be moved to another time-zone
- Upload files directly to the case via the support portal
- Avoid unicasting emails/attachments to support staff
 - Using reply-all will get more eyes on your issue
- Always call support for urgent issues
- Please exercise caution when making changes
 - Always move your backups off the controllers/servers
 - When tweaking configuration, incrementally add changes



Takeaways



 <u>https://support.arubanetworks.com/DOCUMENTATION/tabid/77/DMXModule/512/</u> <u>Command/Core_Download/Default.aspx?EntryId=1371</u>

Validated Reference Designs (VRD)

- http://www.arubanetworks.com/technology/reference-design-guides/

Airheads Social

- http://community.arubanetworks.com/

Aruba Knowledge Base

<u>http://support.arubanetworks.com/KNOWLEDGEBASE/tabid/133/Default.aspx</u>

Raise a ticket for any product, RMA, anything !

<u>support@arubanetworks.com</u>

Requests for Enhancements (RFE)

- Please discuss with your SE/Sales team
- You can now submit RFEs through our support portal, under Contact Support
 - Access Feature Requests via Idea Portal

Outdoor planner tool

- https://outdoorplanner.arubanetworks.com/













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Upgrading RAPs to 6.1.x



The problem

- ArubaOS has a check to ensure that an image that is downloaded during self upgrade is not of unexpected size
- Prior to 6.x, that maximum was 4MB
- ArubaOS 5.0.3.x and higher knows that 6.x is > 4MB and has a new maximum size check

Two common issues for RAP5

- RAP is running 6.1.x due to correct upgrade sequence but has old provisioning image (pre 5.0.3.x)
 - if it is reset to default it will not be able to re-connect/re-upgrade as it reverts to the provisioning image
- "Brand new out of the box" RAP won't connect to controller
 - It is running older provisioning image.







- RAP5 or RAP2 has 2 s/w images on it
 - 1. the provisioning image that runs the rapconsole
 - 2. the production image that is downloaded after first connect to controller
- The provisioning image can be upgraded via CLI in all releases except 6.x
 - CLI command removed in 6.1.x
 - CLI command exists in 6.0.x but fails (6.x cannot be saved)
- provisioning image is **never** automatically upgraded.
 - Old in-service RAPs may still have 5.0.0.x or 3.3.2 RN code in it.



Upgrading RAPs to 6.1.x (continued)

History of RAP factory images

- 3.3.2.18-RN (2009~2010)
- 5.0.0.2 (2010~2011)
- 5.0.4.0 (**15 Oct 2011** ~ present)

• What is on my RAP ?

- "show ap image version"
- also visible on RAP console



📮 m-pilot-hk.homeip.net - KiTTY		
Access Points Image Version		
AP Running Image Version String	Flash (Production) Image Version String	Flash (Provisioning/Backup) Image Version String
Matches Num Matches Num Mismatches Bad Checksums Bad Provis	ioning Checksums Image Load Status	
	6 1 3 0(n4huild@corsica)≛32142 Mon Jan 30 10•10•41 PST 2012	3 3 2 18-rn-3 1 5(n4build@trinidad\±22927 Mon Nov 23
20 PST 2009 Yes 1 0 0 0 0	Done	STOLETIO IN STITU (DIDATIAGOTINIAAA) #EESE/ NON NOV ES
172.18.163.138 6.1.3.0(p4build@corsica)#32142 Mon Jan 30 10:10:41 PST 2012	6.1.3.0(p4build@corsica)#32142 Mon Jan 30 10:10:41 PST 2012	5.0.0.1(p4build@cyprus)#24057 Wed May 5 19:15:32 PDT
Yes 1 0 0 0	Done	
172.18.163.140 6.1.3.0(p4build@corsica)#32142 Mon Jan 30 10:35:23 PST 2012	6.1.3.0 (p4build@corsica)#32142 Mon Jan 30 10:35:23 PST 2012	
Yes 2 0 0 0	Done	
172.18.163.142 6.1.3.0 (p4build@corsica)#32142 Mon Jan 30 10:26:55 PST 2012	6.1.3.0 (p4build@corsica)#32142 Mon Jan 30 10:26:55 PST 2012	
Yes 1 0 0 1	Done	
Total APs:4		

Upgrading RAPs to 6.1.x (continued)

6.1 Upgrade challenge

- The ArubaOS 6.x image is too big to be a provisioning image
- RAP just hangs after it is provisioned from RAP console
- Must upgrade provisioning image to 5.0.4.x before trying to upgrade to 6.1.x
 - 1. Ensure RAP is UP (*show ap active*)
 - 2. From CLI "apflash ap-name someRAP backup-partition"
- apflash command will cause RAP to reboot





A final comment about RAP upgrades

- During 3.x code timeframe, the ap-role did not allow svc-ftp, but it was added as a default in 5.x/6.x
- Despite the fact a RAP communicates with IPSEC, there are generic protocols running inside the tunnel, ftp being one of them
 - FTP is used to upgrade the s/w on the RAP
 - By default RAP will try FTP a number of times before reverting to tftp, overall this can take 15 minutes or so to time out, delaying the upgrade.
- Before upgrading a RAP network, please ensure that svc-ftp is permitted in one of the ACLs within the ap-role
 - "show rights ap-role" and look for entry allowing "user" to "controller" for svc-ftp





Upgrading RAPs to 6.1.x (continued)

(c620) #show rights ap-role

access-list List

Position Name Location

----- -----1 control

2 ap-acl

control

Priority Source Destination Service Action TimeRange Log Expired Queue TOS 8021P Blacklist Mirror

1	user	any	udp 68	deny	Low		4
2	any	any	svc-icmp	o permit	Low		4
3	any	any	svc-dns	permit	Low		4
4	any	any	svc-papi	permit	Low		4

ap-acl

Priority Source Destination Service Action TimeRange Log Expired Queue TOS 8021P Blacklist Mirror

1	any	any	svc-gre	permit	Low	4
2	any	any	svc-syslog	permit	Low	4
3	any	user	svc-snmp	permit	Low	4
4	user	any	svc-http	permit	Low	4
5	user	any	svc-http-ac	cl permit	Low	4
6	user	any	svc-ntp	permit	Low	4
7	user	control	ller svc-ftp	permi	t Low	4

(c620)#





Aruba Instant – Client Information



ARUBA networks

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2013

Aruba Instant – AP Information





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Aruba Instant – Radio information

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Info	RF Dashboard	Usage Trends						
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Aruba Instant – Run commands from the Support screen





