

OSPFv3 Troubleshooting

IMPORTANT! THIS GUIDE ASSUMES THAT THE AOS-CX OVA HAS BEEN INSTALLED AND WORKS IN GNS3 OR EVE-NG. PLEASE REFER TO GNS3/EVE-NG INITIAL SETUP LABS IF REQUIRED.

<https://www.eve-ng.net/index.php/documentation/howtos/howto-add-aruba-cx-switch/>

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Lab Objective

This lab will enable the reader to gain hands on experience with OSPFv3 troubleshooting. This lab as shown in Figure 1 is preconfigured with 2 problems, you will use the troubleshooting flowchart to perform verification steps to identify and fix the problems.

Lab Overview

This lab as shown in Figure 1 will allow you to route between /128 Loopbacks on each switch via OSPFv3 after the 2 problems are identified and fixed.

/64 subnets are used between the switches.

Note: Importing EVE-NG lab will not import the configs, you will need to copy and paste the configs from the appendix into your switches before attempting this lab.

Lab Network Layout

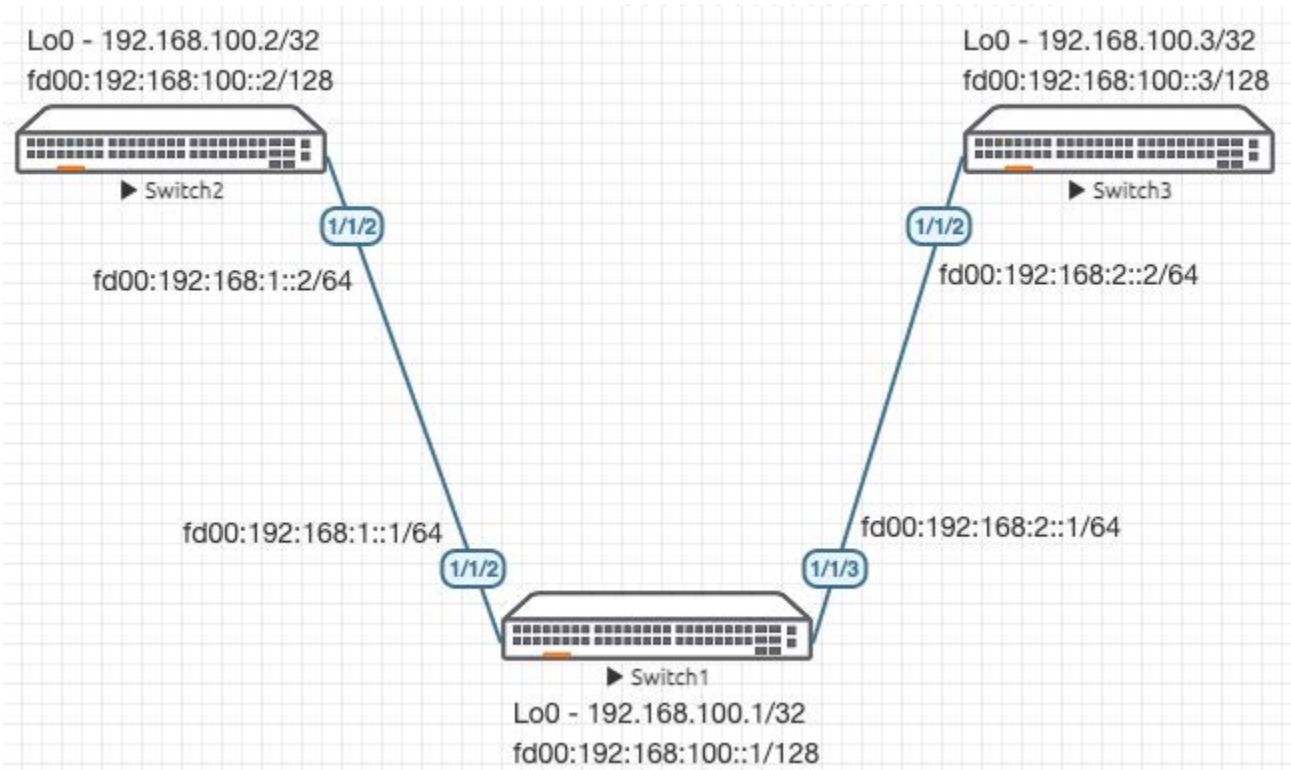


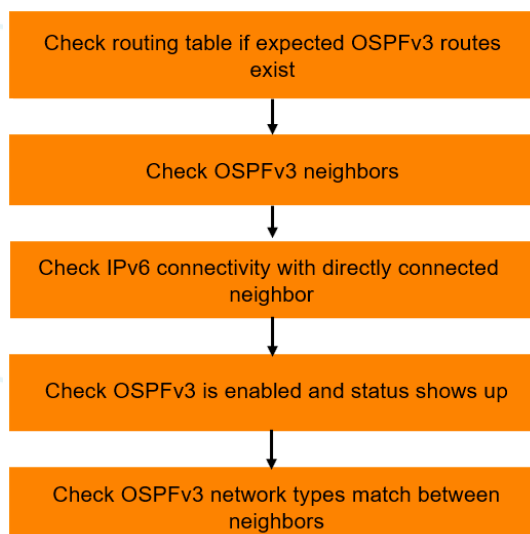
Figure 1. Lab topology and addresses

Lab Tasks

Task 1 – Lab setup

For this lab refer to Figure 1 for topology and IP address details.

- Start all the devices, including VPCS hosts
- Open each switch console and log in with user “admin” and hit enter, so that no password is applied
- Configs are not transferred in the .unl/.zip files, copy and paste in configs for all devices from the appendix section



Task 2 – Check routing table if expected OSPFv3 routes exist

- Start with Switch1 (in the middle), this way, you can check if routes exist from both neighbors at the same time.

```
Switch1# sh ipv6 rou
```

Displaying ipv6 routes selected for forwarding

Origin Codes: C - connected, S - static, L - local

R - RIP, B - BGP, O - OSPF

Type Codes: E - External BGP, I - Internal BGP, V - VPN, EV - EVPN

IA - OSPF internal area, E1 - OSPF external type 1

E2 - OSPF external type 2

VRF: default

Prefix	Nexthop	Interface	VRF(egress)	Origin/ Type	Distance/ Metric	Age
fd00:192:168:1::/64	-	1/1/2	-	C	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:1::1/128	-	1/1/2	-	L	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:2::/64	-	1/1/3	-	C	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:2::1/128	-	1/1/3	-	L	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:100::1/128	-	loopback0	-	L	[0/0]	-

Total Route Count : 5

- Since only connected (C) and local (L) routes are seen, this means none of the expected OSPFv3 routes exist

Task 3 – Check OSPFv3 neighbors

- Check if OSPFv3 neighbors are up

```
Switch1# sh ipv6 ospfv3 nei
```

VRF : default Process : 1

=====

Total Number of Neighbors: 1

Neighbor ID	Priority	State	Interface
192.168.100.3	1	FULL/DR	1/1/3
Neighbor address fe80::800:901:812:8e9e			

- You will see only 1 neighbor is up (Switch3 neighbor ID is shown but no routes are learnt, will revisit this issue later)
- Move onto next step to try to figure out why Switch2 neighbor is down

Task 4 – Check IPv6 connectivity with directly connected neighbor

- Check that IPv6 connectivity to Switch2 works as expected, good that it responds

```
Switch1# ping6 fd00:192:168:1::2
```

PING fd00:192:168:1::2(fd00:192:168:1::2) 100 data bytes

108 bytes from fd00:192:168:1::2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=2.42 ms

108 bytes from fd00:192:168:1::2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=2.08 ms

^C

--- fd00:192:168:1::2 ping statistics ---

2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 2.080/2.250/2.421/0.170 ms

Task 4 – Check OSPFv3 is enabled and status shows up

- Check Switch1 1st, everything looks good here

Switch1# sh ipv6 ospfv3

VRF : default Process : 1

```

RouterID      : 192.168.100.1   OSPFv3      : Enabled
BFD           : Disabled        SPF Start Interval : 200 ms
SPF Hold Interval : 1000 ms     SPF Max Wait Interval : 5000 ms
LSA Start Time  : 5000 ms       LSA Hold Time      : 0 ms
LSA Max Wait Time : 0 ms        LSA Arrival        : 1000 ms
External LSAs   : 2            Checksum Sum       : 116599
ECMP           : 4             Reference Bandwidth : 100000Mbps
Area Border     : false        AS Border          : true
GR Status       : Enabled      GR Interval        : 120
GR State        : inactive     GR Exit Status     : none
GR Helper       : Disabled     GR Strict LSA Check : Disabled
GR Ignore Lost I/F : Disabled
Summary address:

```

Area	Total	Active
Normal	1	1
Stub	0	0
NSSA	0	0

Switch1# sh ipv6 ospfv3 int 1/1/2

Interface 1/1/2 is Up, Line Protocol is Up

```

VRF           : default                Process           : 1
IPv6 address   : fe80::800:901:816:7b7e Area              : 0.0.0.0
Status        : Up                    Network Type      : Broadcast
Hello Interval : 10                   Dead Interval     : 40
Transit Delay  : 1                   Retransmit Interval : 5
BFD           : Disabled              Link Speed        : 1000 Mbps
Cost Configured : NA                  Cost Calculated   : 100
State/Type     : DR                   Router Priority    : 1
DR             : 192.168.100.1        BDR               : No
Link LSAs      : 1                   Checksum Sum      : 33136

```

- Check Switch2 next

Switch2# sh ipv6 ospfv3

VRF : default Process : 1

```

RouterID      : 0.0.0.0   OSPFv3      : Enabled
BFD           : Disabled  SPF Start Interval : 200 ms
SPF Hold Interval : 1000 ms SPF Max Wait Interval : 5000 ms
LSA Start Time  : 5000 ms LSA Hold Time      : 0 ms
LSA Max Wait Time : 0 ms  LSA Arrival        : 1000 ms
External LSAs   : 0      Checksum Sum       : 0
ECMP           : 4       Reference Bandwidth : 100000Mbps
Area Border     : false  AS Border          : true
GR Status       : Enabled GR Interval        : 120
GR State        : inactive GR Exit Status     : none
GR Helper       : Disabled GR Strict LSA Check : Disabled
GR Ignore Lost I/F : Disabled

```

Summary address:

Area	Total	Active
Normal	1	1
Stub	0	0
NSSA	0	0

```
Switch2# sh ipv6 ospfv3 int 1/1/2
Interface 1/1/2 is Up, Line Protocol is Up
```

```
-----
VRF                : default
IPv6 address       : fe80::800:901:88a:14fa
Status            : Down
Hello Interval     : 10
Transit Delay      : 1
BFD               : Disabled
Cost Configured    : NA
State/Type         : Down
DR                : No
Link LSAs          : 0
```

```
Process           : 1
Area              : 0.0.0.0
Network Type      : Broadcast
Dead Interval     : 40
Retransmit Interval : 5
Link Speed        : 1000 Mbps
Cost Calculated   : 100
Router Priority    : 1
BDR              : No
Checksum Sum      : 0
```

- You will notice that status is down and routerID is 0.0.0.0 (that is the problem)
- OSPFv3 requires a valid IPv4 routerID to function
- Add the required IPv4 address into Lo0 as shown in the diagram

```
Switch2# conf
Switch2(config)# int lo 0
Switch2(config-loopback-if)# ip add 192.168.100.2/32
```

- Check again

```
Switch2(config-loopback-if)# sh ipv6 ospfv3 int 1/1/2
Interface 1/1/2 is Up, Line Protocol is Up
```

```
-----
VRF                : default
IPv6 address       : fe80::800:901:88a:14fa
Status            : Up
Hello Interval     : 10
Transit Delay      : 1
BFD               : Disabled
Cost Configured    : NA
State/Type         : BDR
DR                : 192.168.100.1
Link LSAs          : 2
```

```
Process           : 1
Area              : 0.0.0.0
Network Type      : Broadcast
Dead Interval     : 40
Retransmit Interval : 5
Link Speed        : 1000 Mbps
Cost Calculated   : 100
Router Priority    : 1
BDR              : 192.168.100.2
Checksum Sum      : 85770
```

```
Switch2(config-loopback-if)# sh ipv6 ospfv3
VRF : default                Process : 1
```

```
-----
RouterID          : 192.168.100.2   OSPFv3          : Enabled
BFD               : Disabled         SPF Start Interval : 200    ms
SPF Hold Interval : 1000 ms          SPF Max Wait Interval : 5000 ms
LSA Start Time    : 5000 ms         LSA Hold Time      : 0      ms
LSA Max Wait Time : 0 ms           LSA Arrival        : 1000 ms
External LSAs     : 3              Checksum Sum       : 174643
ECMP              : 4              Reference Bandwidth : 100000Mbps
Area Border       : false          AS Border          : true
GR Status         : Enabled        GR Interval        : 120
GR State          : inactive       GR Exit Status     : none
```

```
GR Helper          : Disabled          GR Strict LSA Check : Disabled
GR Ignore Lost I/F : Disabled
Summary address:
```

Area	Total	Active
Normal	1	1
Stub	0	0
NSSA	0	0

```
Switch2(config-loopback-if)# sh ipv6 ospfv3 nei
VRF : default          Process : 1
=====
```

Total Number of Neighbors: 1

Neighbor ID	Priority	State	Interface
192.168.100.1	1	FULL/DR	1/1/2

Neighbor address fe80::800:901:816:7b7e

- You should now see Switch1 /128 loopback learnt via OSPFv3

```
Switch2(config-loopback-if)# sh ipv6 rou
```

Displaying ipv6 routes selected for forwarding

```
Origin Codes: C - connected, S - static, L - local
               R - RIP, B - BGP, O - OSPF
Type Codes:   E - External BGP, I - Internal BGP, V - VPN, EV - EVPN
               IA - OSPF internal area, E1 - OSPF external type 1
               E2 - OSPF external type 2
```

VRF: default

Prefix	Nexthop	Interface	VRF(egress)	Origin/ Type	Distance/ Metric	Age
fd00:192:168:1::/64	-	1/1/2	-	C	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:1::2/128	-	1/1/2	-	L	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:100::1/128	fe80::800:901:816:7b7e	1/1/2	-	O	[110/100]	-
00h:01m:55s						
fd00:192:168:100::2/128	-	loopback0	-	L	[0/0]	-

Total Route Count : 4

- And be able to ping it

```
Switch2(config-loopback-if)# ping6 fd00:192:168:100::1
PING fd00:192:168:100::1(fd00:192:168:100::1) 100 data bytes
108 bytes from fd00:192:168:100::1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=2.67 ms
108 bytes from fd00:192:168:100::1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=1.70 ms
```

Task 6 – Check OSPFv3 network types match between neighbors

- We now revisit the issue between Switch1 and Switch3, we saw that even though neighbors are up, no routes are learnt

```
Switch1# sh ipv6 ospfv3 int 1/1/3
Interface 1/1/3 is Up, Line Protocol is Up
```



```
-----
VRF                : default
IPv6 address       : fe80::800:901:c16:7b7e
Status            : Up
Hello Interval     : 10
Transit Delay      : 1
BFD               : Disabled
Cost Configured    : NA
State/Type         : DR-other
DR                 : 192.168.100.3
Link LSAs          : 2
```

```
Process           : 1
Area              : 0.0.0.0
Network Type      : Broadcast
Dead Interval     : 40
Retransmit Interval : 5
Link Speed        : 1000 Mbps
Cost Calculated   : 100
Router Priority    : 1
BDR               : 192.168.100.3
Checksum Sum      : 19970
```

- Notice that Switch3 has OSPFv3 network type set to point-to-point

```
Switch3# sh ipv6 ospfv3 int 1/1/2
Interface 1/1/2 is Up, Line Protocol is Up
```

```
-----
VRF                : default
IPv6 address       : fe80::800:901:812:8e9e
Status            : Up
Hello Interval     : 10
Transit Delay      : 1
BFD               : Disabled
Cost Configured    : NA
State/Type         : Point-to-point
DR                 : No
Link LSAs          : 2
```

```
Process           : 1
Area              : 0.0.0.0
Network Type      : Point-to-point
Dead Interval     : 40
Retransmit Interval : 5
Link Speed        : 1000 Mbps
Cost Calculated   : 100
Router Priority    : n/a
BDR               : No
Checksum Sum      : 19970
```

- Fix this by setting both sides to the same network type (we will use point-to-point between Switch1 and Switch3 in this case)

```
Switch1(config)# int 1/1/3
Switch1(config-if)# ipv6 ospfv3 network point-to-point
```

- You should now see the /128 loopback from Switch3 on Switch1

```
Switch1(config)# sh ipv6 route
```

Displaying ipv6 routes selected for forwarding

Origin Codes: C - connected, S - static, L - local
R - RIP, B - BGP, O - OSPF
Type Codes: E - External BGP, I - Internal BGP, V - VPN, EV - EVPN
IA - OSPF internal area, E1 - OSPF external type 1
E2 - OSPF external type 2

VRF: default

Prefix	Nexthop	Interface	VRF(egress)	Origin/ Type	Distance/ Metric	Age
fd00:192:168:1::/64	-	1/1/2	-	C	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:1::1/128	-	1/1/2	-	L	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:2::/64	-	1/1/3	-	C	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:2::1/128	-	1/1/3	-	L	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:100::1/128	-	loopback0	-	L	[0/0]	-
fd00:192:168:100::2/128	fe80::800:901:88a:14fa	1/1/2	-	O	[110/100]	-
00h:21m:16s fd00:192:168:100::3/128	fe80::800:901:812:8e9e	1/1/3	-	O	[110/100]	-
00h:01m:31s						

Total Route Count : 7

- And be able to ping it

```
Switch1(config)# ping6 fd00:192:168:100::3
PING fd00:192:168:100::3(fd00:192:168:100::3) 100 data bytes
108 bytes from fd00:192:168:100::3: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=1.86 ms
108 bytes from fd00:192:168:100::3: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=4.18 ms
```

Appendix – Complete Configurations

- Configs with problems are provided below

Switch1

```
!Version ArubaOS-CX Virtual.10.07.0010
!export-password: default
hostname Switch1
led locator on
ntp server pool.ntp.org minpoll 4 maxpoll 4 iburst
ntp enable
!
!
!
!
!
ssh server vrf mgmt
vlan 1
interface mgmt
    no shutdown
    ip dhcp
interface 1/1/1
    no shutdown
interface 1/1/2
    no shutdown
    ipv6 address fd00:192:168:1::1/64
    ipv6 ospfv3 1 area 0.0.0.0
interface 1/1/3
    no shutdown
    ipv6 address fd00:192:168:2::1/64
    ipv6 ospfv3 1 area 0.0.0.0
interface 1/1/4
    no shutdown
interface 1/1/5
    no shutdown
interface 1/1/6
    no shutdown
interface loopback 0
    ip address 192.168.100.1/32
    ipv6 address fd00:192:168:100::1/128
    ipv6 ospfv3 1 area 0.0.0.0
!
!
!
!
!
router ospfv3 1
    redistribute local loopback
    area 0.0.0.0
https-server vrf mgmt
```


Switch2

```
!Version ArubaOS-CX Virtual.10.07.0010
!export-password: default
hostname Switch2
led locator on
ntp server pool.ntp.org minpoll 4 maxpoll 4 iburst
ntp enable
!
!
!
!
!
!
ssh server vrf mgmt
vlan 1
interface mgmt
    no shutdown
    ip dhcp
interface 1/1/1
    no shutdown
interface 1/1/2
    no shutdown
    ipv6 address fd00:192:168:1::2/64
    ipv6 ospfv3 1 area 0.0.0.0
interface 1/1/3
    no shutdown
interface 1/1/4
    no shutdown
interface 1/1/5
    no shutdown
interface 1/1/6
    no shutdown
interface loopback 0
    ipv6 address fd00:192:168:100::2/128
    ipv6 ospfv3 1 area 0.0.0.0
!
!
!
!
!
router ospfv3 1
    redistribute local loopback
    area 0.0.0.0
https-server vrf mgmt
```

Switch3

```
!Version ArubaOS-CX Virtual.10.07.0010
!export-password: default
hostname Switch3
led locator on
ntp server pool.ntp.org minpoll 4 maxpoll 4 iburst
ntp enable
!
!
!
!
!
!
ssh server vrf mgmt
vlan 1
interface mgmt
```

```
no shutdown
ip dhcp
interface 1/1/1
no shutdown
interface 1/1/2
no shutdown
ipv6 address fd00:192:168:2::2/64
ipv6 ospfv3 1 area 0.0.0.0
ipv6 ospfv3 network point-to-point
interface 1/1/3
no shutdown
interface 1/1/4
no shutdown
interface 1/1/5
no shutdown
interface 1/1/6
no shutdown
interface loopback 0
ip address 192.168.100.3/32
ipv6 address fd00:192:168:100::3/128
ipv6 ospfv3 1 area 0.0.0.0
!
!
!
!
!
router ospfv3 1
redistribute local loopback
area 0.0.0.0
https-server vrf mgmt
```



www.arubanetworks.com

3333 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054
1.844.472.2782 | T: 1.408.227.4500 | FAX: 1.408.227.4550 | info@arubanetworks.com