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Revision History

DATE	VERSION	EDITOR	CHANGES
06 Dec 2021	0.1	Ariya Parsamanesh	Initial creation
22 Dec 2021	0.2	Ariya Parsamanesh	Added the WiFi6 section

2 WiFi Uplink

In some cases where you cannot use Mesh networking, WiFi uplink could come handy. Wi-Fi uplink is supported on all WiFi6 APs as well as the following 11n/11ac.

- AP-203H, AP-203R, AP-203RP, AP-207,
- AP-300 Series, AP-303H, 310 Series, 320 Series, and 330 Series access points.

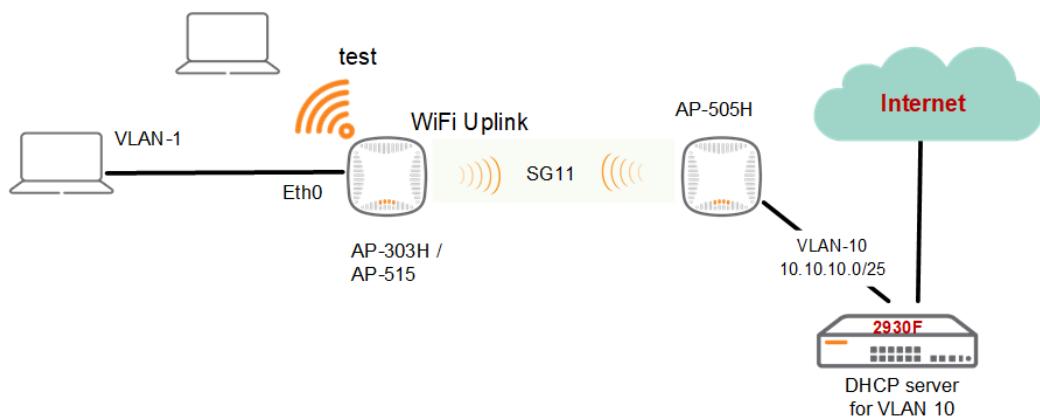
The aim of this feature is to use WiFi in addition to 3G/4G and Ethernet as a valid primary uplink. The Wi-Fi uplink allows you to connect to SSIDs with the following authentication modes

- Open
- WPA Personal
- WPA2 Personal
- WPA Enterprise (TKIP Encryption only)
- WPA2 Enterprise

Here is the lab set-up to demonstrate this feature and you should note that if your IAP has dual radios, both radios can be used to serve clients but only one of them can be used for the Wi-Fi uplink.

We are showing the following scenarios

1. AP-303H with WiFi uplink (WPA2-PSK) to connect to an existing Instant cluster (AP-505H)
 - a. add a wireless and wired client to AP-303H and test the uplink using external DHCP server
 - b. add a wireless and wired client to AP-303H and test the uplink using Instant AP's internal DHCP server
2. AP-303H with WiFi uplink (dot1x) to connect to an existing Instant cluster (AP-505H)
3. AP-515 (11ax AP) with WiFi uplink (WP2-PSK) to an existing Instant cluster (AP-505H)
4. AP-515 (11ax AP) with WiFi uplink (dot1x) to an existing Instant cluster (AP-505H)



Things you need

- Aruba Instant version 8.8.0.0 or later
- WiFi uplink device/provider or an existing Instant Cluster
- A Layer three switch and some WiFi clients

3 Existing Instant Cluster

Here we have an existing Instant Cluster which consists of one AP-505H. This cluster is providing the WiFi network SG11 which AP-303H will use as an uplink. As stated before, this cluster is running Instant 8.9 version. Also note that you cannot combine Mesh and WiFi uplink. You can have one or the other.

3.1 Instant Cluster Configuration

Here we have just added a WLAN network called SG11 that is broadcasting on both radios 5.0GHz and 2.4GHz.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for an Instant Cluster. On the left, a sidebar lists 'Dashboard', 'Overview', 'Networks', 'Access Points', 'Clients', 'Mesh Devices', 'Configuration' (selected), 'Networks' (under Configuration), 'Access Points', 'System', and 'RF'. The main area has tabs for 'edit SG11' and 'Basic' (selected), followed by 'VLAN', 'Security', and 'Access'. The 'Basic' tab contains sections for 'Name & Usage' (Name: SG11, Type: Wireless, Primary usage: Employee), 'Broadcast/Multicast' (Broadcast filtering: ARP, Multicast transmission optimization: off, Dynamic multicast optimization: off, DMO channel utilization threshold: 90%), and 'Transmit Rates' (802.11 settings for Band: All, Allowed 5GHz radio: All, RF band 6GHz: off, Disable on 6GHz mesh: off, DTIM interval: 1 beacon, Min RSSI for probe request: 0, Min RSSI for auth request: 0, High throughput: on, Very high throughput: on, High efficiency: on). The 'VLAN' tab shows 'Client IP & VLAN Assignment' with options for Client IP assignment (Virtual Controller managed, Network assigned) and Client VLAN assignment (Default, Static, Dynamic). The 'Security' tab shows 'Security Level' (Security Level: Personal, Key management: WPA2-Personal, Passphrase format: 8-63 chars, Passphrase: masked, Retype: masked) and 'Fast Roaming' (802.11r: off, 802.11k: off, 802.11v: off). The 'Access' tab shows 'Access Rules' (Access Rules: Unrestricted, Download roles: off) with a note: 'No restrictions on access based on destination or type of traffic'.

The above is a standard WLAM configuration.

4 Instant AP (WiFi 5) with WiFi Uplink

Here are the main points to note

- If you are using Instant version 8.7.x then 11ac IAPs do not need to be in standalone mode.
- For 11ac IAP to use WiFi uplink to an existing IAP cluster, the Instant version on the cluster needs to be 8.5.0 or later and for 11ax APs it should be 8.7.x
- When you configure the WiFi uplink, you need to reboot the IAPs for the changes to take effect.
- Instant Mesh and WiFi uplink are mutually exclusive.
- WiFi uplink can be either the main uplink or as a backup to Ethernet and 3G/4G uplinks.
- For deployments where only wired clients will connect to this AP through a bridged Eth port, a non-default SSID configured is mandatory or else the WiFi uplink solution won't work. If you don't want to use the SSID, you can disable it, but it must be configured.

Here we have AP-303H that uses WiFi uplink as its primary uplink. Also note that we are using Instant version 8.8.0.2. This AP will be connecting to the SG11 SSID that we configured in the previous section.

4.1 Disable Extended SSID

The screenshot shows the Aruba Instant Virtual Controller (InstantVC) configuration interface. The left sidebar lists various configuration tabs: Dashboard, Overview, Networks, Access Points, Clients, Configuration (Networks, Access Points), System (MAS integration, NTP server, Timezone, Daylight Saving Time, Preferred band, AppRF visibility, URL visibility), RF, Security, IDS, Routing, Tunneling, Services, and DHCP Server. The 'General' tab under the 'Configuration' section is currently selected. On the right, there are several configuration options with their current states:

Setting	Value	Status
Cluster security	Disabled	Off
Virtual Controller network settings	Default	On
Auto join mode	Enabled	On
Terminal access	Enabled	On
Console access	Enabled	On
Telnet server	Enabled	On
LED display	Enabled	On
Extended SSID	Disabled	Off (highlighted)
Deny inter user bridging	Enabled	On
Deny local routing	Enabled	On
Dynamic CPU management	Automatic	On
DHCP Option 82 XML	Disabled	Off

Below the main configuration area, there is a sidebar with expandable sections: Admin, Uplink, L3 Mobility, Monitoring, WISPr, Proxy, and Time Based Services.

4.2 WiFi Uplink Configuration

The ESSID for my WiFi uplink is SG11 which is being advertised on 5.0GHz band but you can use 2.4GHz as well. Its mode of authentication is pre-shared key.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller interface under the LAB2 tab. The left sidebar has sections for Dashboard, Overview, Networks, Access Points, Clients, Mesh Devices, Configuration (Networks, Access Points), System (RF, Security, IDS, Routing, Tunneling), and Management (3G/4G, WiFi). The WiFi section is expanded, showing fields for Name (SSID) set to SG11, Key management set to WPA2-Personal, Band set to 5 GHz, Passphrase format set to 8-63 chars, and Passphrase set to NOT CHANGED.

Once you have configured this you need to reboot the IAP. But before rebooting it, you need to do couple of more configuration.

Note that currently WiFi uplink can be a primary or a backup uplink.

Next you need to re-order the uplinks for WiFi to be the first as shown below

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller interface under the InstantVC tab. The left sidebar includes sections for Dashboard, Overview, Networks, Access Points, Clients, Configuration (Networks, Access Points), System (RF, Security, IDS, Routing), and Management (Uplink, 3G/4G). The Uplink section is expanded, showing the 'Management' sub-section with options like Enforce uplink (set to None), Pre-emption (enabled), Pre-emption interval (300), VPN failover timeout (180), Internet failover (disabled), Internet failover IP (8.8.8.8), and Cellular failover IP (empty). Below this is the 'Uplink Priority List' table, which contains a single row for 'Wifi-sta' with interfaces 'eth0' and '3G/4G'. There are up and down arrows to change the order of the list.

And finally change the uplink setting of the AP's E0 interface to be downlink in order so that you can connect a wired client directly to it.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller interface. On the left, a sidebar menu includes Dashboard, Overview, Networks, Access Points, Clients, Mesh Devices, Configuration (selected), Networks, and Access Points (selected). The main content area displays a table titled "Access Points (1)" with columns: Name, IP Address, Mode, and Spectrum. One entry is listed: AP303H-Lab2 ★, 10.10.10.23, access, disable. Below the table are three icons: a plus sign, a pencil, and a trash can.

The screenshot shows the "Edit Access Point AP303H-Lab2" configuration page. The sidebar menu is identical to the previous screenshot. The main content area shows the "Uplink" section with fields: Uplink management VLAN (set to 1), Eth0 mode (set to Downlink), Eth1 mode (set to Downlink), and USB port (switch is off). There are also sections for PEAP User and Upload Certificate.

Now you can reboot the AP.

4.3 Basic Testing

Here is the console log of the AP-303H when it got rebooted, I have deleted the unrelated lines

```

Booting OS partition 1
Checking image @ 0x2000000
Copying image from 0x84000000

Image is signed; verifying checksum... passed
SHA2 Signature available
Signer Cert OK
Policy Cert OK
RSA signature verified using SHA2.
Uncompressing Kernel Image ... OK
[ 0.000000] [ 0.000000] Aruba Networks
[ 0.000000] ArubaOS Version 8.8.0.2-8.8.0.2 (build 81788 / label #81788)
[ 0.000000] Built by p4build@pr-hpn-build10 on 2021-10-07 at 18:46:06 UTC (gcc version 4.6.3)
[ 0.000000]
[ 0.000000] CPU: ARMv7 Processor [410fc075] revision 5 (ARMv7), cr=10c5387d
[ 0.015792] SMP: Total of 4 processors activated (384.00 BogoMIPS).
[ 0.051083] i2c-gpio driver registered
[ 17.796389] 3 ofpart partitions found on MTD device spi0.1
[ 17.849585] Creating 3 MTD partitions on "spi0.1":
[ 17.906864] 0x000000000000-0x000002000000 : "aos0"
[ 17.965776] 0x000002000000-0x000004000000 : "aos1"

```

```

[ 18.022928] 0x000004000000-0x000008000000 : "ubifs"
[ 18.086989] m25p80 spi0.0: found mx25l3205d, expected n25q128a11
[ 18.193592] Found AT97SC3203 on i2c_1.8
[ 18.237662] Key type dns_resolver registered
[ 18.278093] Registering SWP/SWPB emulation handler
[ 25.738006] There is no gpio reset info
[ 25.806311]
Starting Kernel SHA1 KAT ...
[ 25.840792] Completed Kernel SHA1 KAT
[ 25.887807] Starting Kernel HMAC-SHA1 KAT ...
[ 25.937815] Starting Kernel DES KAT ... [ 25.983529] Completed Kernel DES KAT
[ 26.027255] Starting Kernel AES KAT ...
[ 26.071029] Completed Kernel AES KAT
[ 26.071029]
[ 26.134624] Starting Kernel AESGCM KAT ...
[ 26.181368] Completed Kernel AESGCM KAT
[ 26.230649] Completed Kernel HMAC-SHA1 KAT
grep: /tmp/ap-info: No such file or directory
Thu Jan 1 00:00:00 PST 1970
Populate AP type info
Domain Name: SetMeUp.arubanetworks.com
Current OEM Name : Aruba Networks
Disabling ipv6 for devices by default
AP-type has_ble_support: ONBOARD.
IPv6 capability is supported for devices
No panic info available
Enabling UDMd via nanny
Writing /dev/ttyMSM1 into /tmp/ble_port
Enabling ble_daemon and ble_relay via nanny
glenmorangie: Start hotplug
Backup ENV.
Installing glenmorangie ethernet driver
[ 42.385996] edma module_init
[ 43.227619] asap_switch: module license 'Proprietary' taints kernel.
[ 43.291228] Disabling lock debugging due to kernel taint
Enter non-FIPS mode
Cfg len is 3575
enet0 bridging detected
Mesh disabled
dual uplink platform just by config
Ethernet port 1 mode: active-standby
Eth1 works as downlink when enet1_mode is downlink
Eth0 has been enslaved into bond0 working as downlink with Eth1
Starting watchdog process...
Aruba watchdog daemon started [4 thread(s)]
training packets starting...
training packets on interface:
eth0 eth1
Index for interface eth0 is 3
MAC address for interface eth0 is 20:4c:03:5c:05:6e
Index for interface eth1 is 5
MAC address for interface eth1 is 20:4c:03:5c:05:6f
send training from interface eth0
send training from interface eth1
No reply within 1 seconds.
send training from interface eth0
send training from interface eth1
No reply within 1 seconds.
send training from interface eth0
send training from interface eth1
No reply within 1 seconds.
Recognized no echo replies from remote host after 3 tries.
Loading configuration file of length 3575...
wifi uplink detected...
Terminal access enabled...
Valid SSID detected...
touching file /tmp/ip_mode_0
do ethtool autoneg on for eth0
do ethtool autoneg on for eth2
cp: /lib/nls_base.ko: No such file or directory
cp: /lib/usbcore.ko: No such file or directory
init usb modem ...
[ 54.833367] SCSI subsystem initialized
No USB Plugged in

```

```

Skip wired uplink detection
wifi uplink is configured on 5G, and mesh will NOT be in use.
copying bootuplog ...
[ 83.327941] uol_init_driver:425 HW offload not applicable, AP will use cutting through path!
allow PAPI
set device anul0 mtu to 2000
notify asap_mod 3g no present...
Starting update SBL1 ...
SBL1 was updated already
Done.
net.aruba_asap.uplink_vlan = 1
apdot1x authentication is not enabled
skip dhcp when loop or wifi-uplink without eth detected !!!!!!!!
waiting for default ip ready ...
[ 173.668800] Picked up default IP a9fe48bf, rand 48bf
[ 179.680790] Default IP is ready
Installing default ip.
Default IP comes up.
169.254.72.191 255.255.0.0
Compressing all files in the /etc/httpd directory...
[ 180.682843] ip_time_handler: Got ip and packets on bond0 Started conductor election 1-0, rand 26
Done.
Starting Webserver
bind: Transport endpoint is not connected
bind: Transport endpoint is not connected
bind: Transport endpoint is not connected
Put ntpdate to the nannylist.
AP rebooted Sun Oct 24 09:32:34 EST 2021; CLI cmd at uptime 0D 0H 17M 34S: reload
shutting down watchdog process (nanny will restart it)...
    <<<<     Welcome to the Access Point     >>>>
Completed SW FIPS KAT test
Power supply mode is DC, USB Modem is not present.
User: [ 194.902841] Starting Kernel HMAC SHA1 FIPS KAT ...
[ 194.945640] Completed Kernel HMAC SHA1 FIPS KAT
[ 196.906806] Starting Kernel HMAC SHA256 FIPS KAT ...
[ 196.951675] Completed Kernel HMAC SHA256 FIPS KAT
ble_ready NOT present @init ....
[ 198.914842] Starting Kernel HMAC SHA384 FIPS KAT ...
[ 198.959715] Completed Kernel HMAC SHA384 FIPS KAT
[ 200.914836] Starting Kernel HMAC SHA512 FIPS KAT ...
[ 200.959704] Completed Kernel HMAC SHA512 FIPS KAT
Firmware AES-CCM Known Answer Test Passed
[ 233.852871] (08:46:45) !!! Init ---> Conductor
[ 233.893573] asap_send_elected_conductor: sent successfully
[ 237.141837] asap_send_elected_conductor: sent successfully
ble_ready is present @92 .... start processing msgs from APB
[ 319.597525] asap_send_elected_conductor: sent successfully

User:

```

Checking the interface IP address

```

AP303H-Lab2# sh ip int brief
Interface                  IP Address / IP Netmask      Admin   Protocol
br0                        10.10.10.23 / 255.255.255.128  up      up
br0.3333                   172.31.98.1 / 255.255.254.0   up      up
AP303H-Lab2#

```

Checking that nothing is connected to any of AP303H-Lab2's ports

```

AP303H-Lab2# sh port status
Port Status
-----
Port Type Admin-State Oper-State STP-State Dot3az Loop-Protect Storm-Control Loop-Detection-TX
Loop-Detection-RX
-----
eth0 GE    up        down      Off     Disable  OFF      OFF      0          0
eth1 GE    up        down      Off     Disable  OFF      OFF      0          0
eth2 GE    up        down      Off     Disable  OFF      OFF      0          0
eth3 GE    up        down      Off     Disable  OFF      OFF      0          0

```

```
eth4 USB up          down      Off     Disable OFF           OFF          0          0
AP303H-Lab2#
```

4.4 Checking the Uplink

As you can see the uplink WiFi-sta is up as it has the highest priority.

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh uplink status

Uplink preemption      :disable
Uplink preemption interval :600
Uplink enforce        :none
Uplink wired-1       :DHCP
Internet failover      :disable
Max allowed test packet loss :10
Secs between test packets :30
VPN failover timeout (secs) :180
Internet check timeout (secs) :10
AP1X type:NONE
Certification type:NONE
Validate server:NONE

Uplink Table
-----
Type      VLAN State  Reach State Prio  In Use  Interface   IP          Mask          GW
Sent      Lost  Cont lost
----  -----  -----  -----  -----  ---  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----
-----  -----
Ethernet  1     DOWN   DOWN    0     No    br0      0.0.0.0  0.0.0.0
0.0.0.0  0     0       0       0
Cellular  0     INIT   INIT    7     No    ppp0    0.0.0.0  0.0.0.0
0.0.0.0  0     0       0       0
Wifi-sta  0     UP     UP     6     Yes   br0      10.10.10.23 255.255.255.128
10.10.10.1 0     0       0       0

Wired Port Table
-----
Port  State  Type  Bonding (Admin/Oper/Active)
----  -----  -----  -----
eth0  DOWN   LAN   No/Yes/Yes
eth1  DOWN   LAN   No/No/No
eth2  DOWN   LAN   No/No/No
eth3  DOWN   LAN   No/No/No
AP303H-Lab2#
```

There are a few new commands specifically for WiFi uplink that you should know.

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh wifi-uplink status

Configured      :YES
Enabled        :YES
State          :UP
Interfaces     :aruba001
Now            :2021-10-24 12:41:19
SSID           :SG11
BSSID          :d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70
Unicast/Multicast Encryption :wpa2-aes-psk wpa2-aes-psk
Link Health    :100
AID            :1
IP Address     :10.10.10.23
Subnet Mask    :255.255.255.128
Gateway         :10.10.10.1
Associated Time :3h:2m:42s
Associated AP Beacon Time :3h:5m:56s
```

```

Channel :36E
RSSI :64
Noise Floor :92
Phy :5GHz-VHT-80sgi-2ss
Maximum Speed (mbps) :866
Overall/Tx/Rx Goodput (mbps) :16.8 13.7 19.6
Last Tx Timestamp :2021-10-07 22:50:47
Last Rx Timestamp :2021-10-07 22:50:47
Last Tx Rate (mbps) :866
Last Rx Rate (mbps) :585
Last ACK RSSI :57
AP303H-Lab2#

```

Checking the Authentication logs for WiFi uplink.

```

AP303H-Lab2# sh wifi-uplink connection-trace

WiFi uplink connection trace
-----
2021-10-24 09:38:36 auth      -> 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 retry=no;
tries=0; status=success
2021-10-24 09:38:36 auth      <- 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 SN=1904;
retry=no; status=0
2021-10-24 09:38:36 assoc req -> 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 retry=no;
tries=0; status=success
2021-10-24 09:38:36 assoc resp <- 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 SN=1905;
retry=no; status=0
2021-10-24 09:38:37 connection up *
bssid=d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70
2021-10-24 09:38:37 eapol-key <- 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 ver=1; len=117
2021-10-24 09:38:37 eapol-key -> 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 ver=1; len=117
2021-10-24 09:38:37 eapol-key <- 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 ver=1; len=151
2021-10-24 09:38:37 eapol-key -> 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70 ver=1; len=95
2021-10-24 09:38:41 dhcp offer <- 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 f8:60:f0:c8:70:e0 xid=5da99147;
cha=00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1; gia=0.0.0.0
2021-10-24 09:38:41 dhcp ack    <- 00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1 f8:60:f0:c8:70:e0 xid=5da99147;
cha=00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1; gia=0.0.0.0
Total connection trace:11; Current time: 2021-10-24 12:42:08
AP303H-Lab2#

```

This command is used for checking the candidates for WiFi uplink.

```

AP303H-Lab2# sh wifi-uplink candidates

WiFi uplink candidates
-----
essid bssid          channel  rssi  encryption phy      rank  up time   last update
(total updates)
-----  -----
SG11  d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70  36E     64    WPA2-psk   VHT-2ss  64/0  3h:9m:14s  2021-10-24
12:44:37 (217642)
Total candidates:1; Current time: 2021-10-24 12:44:37

AP303H-Lab2#

```

Displaying the WiFi uplink config

```

AP303H-Lab2# sh wifi-uplink config

ESSID :SG11
Cipher Suite :wpa2-ccmp-psk

```

```

Passphrase :*****
Passphrase Size :9
Band :dot11a
AP303H-Lab2#

```

Another useful command is to check the connection history and connection trace.

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh wifi-uplink connection-history
```

```
WiFi uplink connection history
```

timestamp	essid	bssid	channel	rssi	result
2021-10-24 09:38:36	SG11	d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70	36E	62	SUCCESS

```
Total connection times:1; Current time: 2021-10-24 12:45:34
```

```
AP303H-Lab2#
```

Lastly here we see that the Instant AP is in cluster mode, you don't need to convert it to standalone mode.

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh swarm mode
```

```
Swarm Mode :Cluster
```

```
AP303H-Lab2#
```

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh ver
```

```
Aruba Operating System Software.
```

```
ArubaOS (MODEL: 303H), Version 8.8.0.2
```

```
Website: http://www.arubanetworks.com
```

```
(c) Copyright 2021 Hewlett Packard Enterprise Development LP.
```

```
Compiled on 2021-10-07 at 18:46:06 UTC (build 81788) by p4build
```

```
FIPS Mode :disabled
```

```
AP uptime is 3 hours 13 minutes 35 seconds
```

```
Reboot Time and Cause: AP rebooted Sun Oct 24 09:32:34 EST 2021; CLI cmd at uptime 0D 0H 17M 34S: reload
```

```
AP303H-Lab2#
```

4.5 Checking the WebUI

First let's check the Aruba Instant Cluster (AP-505H) that is broadcasting SG11, note the BSS address.

Name	IP Address	MAC address	OS	ESSID	Access Point	Channel	Type	Role	IPv6 Address	Signal	Speed (Mbps)
AP303H-Lab2	10.10.10.23	00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1	NOFP	SG11	AP505H-Lab1	36E	AC	SG11	--	61	780

Name	IP Address	MAC address	OS	ESSID	Access Point	Channel	Type	Role	IPv6 Address	Signal	Speed (Mbps)
AP303H-Lab2	10.10.10.23	00:4e:35:7b:2c:d1	NOFP	SG11	AP505H-Lab1	36E	AC	SG11	--	61	780

And now checking the AP-303H cluster that is using SG11 as WiFi uplink.

Name	IP Address	Mode	Clients	Type	Radio 0	Radio 1	Radio 2
AP303H-Lab2	10.10.10.23	access	0	303H(ind...	36E 12 dBm 6%	9 dBm 20%	-91 dBm - - -

SSID	Encryption
SG11	wpa2-aes-psk wpa2-aes-psk

5 External DHCP server for Clients

Here we'll configure AP303H-Lab to use the external DHCP server for its wired and wireless clients.

5.1 Configure Wireless network for Clients

This is the SSID for the wireless clients on AP303H-Lab2

The screenshot shows two side-by-side configuration pages for a wireless network named 'test'.

Left Panel (Configuration - Networks):

- Name & Usage:** Name: test, Type: Wireless, Primary usage: Employee.
- Security Level:** Security Level: Personal, Key management: WPA2-Personal, Passphrase format: 8-63 chars, Passphrase: [REDACTED], Retype: [REDACTED]. MAC authentication is turned off.

Right Panel (Client IP & VLAN Assignment):

- Client IP assignment:** Network assigned (radio button selected).
- Client VLAN assignment:** Default.

5.2 Configure Wired network for Clients

This is the wired network for the clients that can connect directly to E0 port on AP303H-Lab2

The screenshot shows two side-by-side configuration pages for a new wired network named 'E0-Net'.

Left Panel (Configuration - Networks):

- New Network:** Name: E0-Net, Type: Wired, Primary usage: Employee, POE is off, Admin status: Up.
- VLAN Management:** Mode: Access, Client IP assignment: Network assigned (radio button selected), Native VLAN: 1.

Right Panel (Assignment):

- Security:** Port type: Untrusted, MAC authentication: off, 802.1X authentication: off.

Access Rules

Access Rules

Unrestricted

Download roles



No restrictions on access based on destination or type of traffic

0/0	E0-Net
0/1	wired-SetMeUp
0/2	wired-SetMeUp
0/3	wired-SetMeUp
0/4	wired-SetMeUp

5.3 Client Testing

And when we connect a WiFi client to test network, we see that it gets an IP address from the external DHCP server and has full connectivity. Remember that AP-303H is not source NATing the client's IP address 10.10.10.25

Name	IP Address	MAC address	OS	ESSID	Access Point	Channel	Type	Role	IPv6 Address	Signal	Speed (Mbps)
SpectreLab	10.10.10.25	f0:d5:bf:4b:67:11	Win 10	test	AP303H-Lab2	36E	AC	test	fe80::e86b:ceb9:86...	50	526

Now when we connect a WiFi client to "test" which is the SSID that AP-303H is advertising, we see that it is getting an IP address from the standalone IAP and it is getting source NAT as indicated by the output of the "show datapath session" command.

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh clients

Client List
-----
Name          IP Address    MAC Address        OS      ESSID   Access Point   Channel   Type   Role   IPv6 Address
Signal        Speed (mbps)   -----           --     -----   -----       -----   -----   -----   -----   -----
-----        -----
SpectreLab   10.10.10.25   f0:d5:bf:4b:67:11   Win 10  test    AP303H-Lab2   36E      AC     test
fe80::e86b:ceb9:86c6:b5eb 48(good)   585(good)
Number of Clients :1
Info timestamp   :7258
AP303H-Lab2#
AP303H-Lab2#
AP303H-Lab2#

AP303H-Lab2# sh ip int brief
Interface          IP Address / IP Netmask      Admin  Protocol
br0               10.10.10.23 / 255.255.255.128 up    up
br0.3333          172.31.98.1 / 255.255.254.0 up    up
AP303H-Lab2#

AP303H-Lab2# sh datapath session
Datapath Session Table Entries
-----
Flags: F - fast age, S - src NAT, N - dest NAT
      D - deny, R - redirect, Y - no syn
      H - high prio, P - set prio, T - set ToS
      C - client, M - mirror, V - VOIP
      I - Deep inspect, U - Locally destined
      s - media signal, m - media mon, a - rtp analysis
      E - Media Deep Inspect, G - media signal
      A - Application Firewall Inspect
```

```

L - ALG session
O - Session is programmed through SDN/Openflow controller
p - Session is marked as permanent
h - Https redirect error page
X - Http/https redirect for dpi denied session
RAP Flags: 0 - Q0, 1 - Q1, 2 - Q2, r - redirect to conductor, t - time based, i - in flow
Flow Offload Blacklist Flags: O - Openflow, E - Default, U - User os unknown, T - Tunnel
R - L3 route

```

Source IP Offload flags	Destination IP	Prot	SPort	Dport	Cntr	Prio	ToS	Age	Destination	TAge	Packets	Bytes	Flags
192.168.1.130	10.10.10.23	17	53	57454	0	0	0	1	local	53	1	3a	FI
139.99.236.185	10.10.10.23	17	123	52128	0	0	0	1	local	51	2	98	F
10.10.10.23	192.168.1.130	17	56549	53	0	0	0	1	local	54	1	56	FCI
10.10.10.23	192.168.1.130	17	53977	53	0	0	0	1	local	54	1	56	FCI
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.23	6	60239	4343	0	0	0	1	dev25	55	b	6aa	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.23	6	60240	4343	0	0	0	1	dev25	55	8	65b	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.23	6	60241	4343	0	0	0	1	dev25	55	9	690	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.23	6	60254	4343	0	0	0	1	dev25	2c	8	62c	FC
10.10.10.25	8.255.44.248	6	50617	443	0	0	0	1	dev27	43f	2d25	95b15	FC
192.168.1.130	10.10.10.23	17	53	58653	0	0	0	1	local	53	1	7a	FI
40.100.149.226	10.10.10.25	6	443	50644	0	0	0	11	dev27	351	11	252c	
10.10.10.23	139.99.236.185	17	52128	123	0	0	0	1	local	51	10	4c0	FC
192.168.1.130	10.10.10.23	17	53	50358	0	0	0	1	local	53	1	67	FI

Now connecting the wired client to the E0 port of AP303H-Lab2

Name	IP Address	MAC address	OS	AP	Port
AriyaP	10.10.10.24	f0:de:f1:64:0a:82	Win 10	AP303H-Lab2	0/0

And checking it from the CLI as well.

```

AP303H-Lab2# sh clients wired

Wired Client List
-----
Name      IP Address    MAC Address          OS      Network     Access Point   Role     IPv6 Address
Speed (mbps)                    --           -----      -----       -----        -----        -----
AriyaP    10.10.10.24  f0:de:f1:64:0a:82  Win 10   eth0       AP303H-Lab2  E0-Net   --
Info timestamp :7824

```

AP303H-Lab2#

And again we have full connectivity between these clients and outside network.

```

AP303H-Lab2# sh datapath session
Datapath Session Table Entries
-----

Flags: F - fast age, S - src NAT, N - dest NAT
D - deny, R - redirect, Y - no syn
H - high prio, P - set prio, T - set ToS
C - client, M - mirror, V - VOIP
I - Deep inspect, U - Locally destined
s - media signal, m - media mon, a - rtp analysis
E - Media Deep Inspect, G - media signal
A - Application Firewall Inspect
L - ALG session
O - Session is programmed through SDN/Openflow controller
p - Session is marked as permanent
h - Https redirect error page

```


6 Instant AP as DHCP server for Clients

Here we'll configure AP303H-Lab to use the Instant's internal DHCP service for its wired and wireless clients.

6.1 Configure Wireless network for Clients

We'll just modify the same wireless network on AP303H-Lab2. The only thing that changes is the client IP assignment as shown below.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Instant Network interface under the 'Configuration' tab. In the left sidebar, 'Networks' is selected. The main panel displays 'Client IP & VLAN Assignment' settings. Under 'Client IP assignment', the 'Virtual Controller managed' option is selected. Under 'Client VLAN assignment', the 'Default' option is selected. The top navigation bar shows 'VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | LAB2'.

6.2 Configure Wired network for Clients

And the same thing goes for the wired network that we previously configured on AP303H-Lab2

The screenshot shows the Aruba Instant Network interface under the 'Configuration' tab. In the left sidebar, 'Networks' is selected. The main panel displays 'VLAN Management' settings for an interface named 'edit E0_Net'. Under 'Mode', 'Access' is selected. Under 'Client IP assignment', the 'Virtual Controller managed' option is selected. Under 'Client VLAN assignment', the 'Default' option is selected. The top navigation bar shows 'VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | LAB2'.

Now both these networks will use Instant AP's internal DHCP scope

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh ip int brief
Interface                                IP Address / IP Netmask      Admin  Protocol
br0                                         10.10.10.23 / 255.255.255.128 up     up
br0.3333                                     172.31.98.1 / 255.255.254.0 up     up
AP303H-Lab2#
```

6.3 Client Testing

When we connect a WiFi client to test network, we see that it gets an private IP address from AP-303H and has full connectivity. Remember that AP-303H is source NATing the IP address 172.31.99.132 with the IP address that it got from the WiFi uplink.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Instant Network interface under the 'Clients' tab. In the left sidebar, 'Clients' is selected. The main panel displays a table of connected clients. One client, 'SpectreLab', is listed with the IP address 172.31.99.132, MAC address f0:d5:bf:4b:67:11, OS Win 10, ESSID test, Access Point AP303H-Lab2, Channel 36E, Type AC, Role test, IPv6 Address fe80:e86b:ceb9:86..., Signal 53, and Speed (Mbps) 390. The top navigation bar shows 'VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | LAB2'.

Now when we connect a WiFi client to “test” which is the SSID that AP303H-Lab2 is advertising, we see that it is getting an IP address from its internal DHCP and it is getting source NAT as indicated by the output of the “show datapath session” command.

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh clients

Client List
-----
Name      IP Address      MAC Address      OS      ESSID    Access Point   Channel   Type   Role
IPv6 Address          Signal          Speed (mbps)
-----           -----           --           -----           -----           -----           -----           -----
SpectreLab 172.31.99.132 f0:d5:bf:4b:67:11 Win 10  test    AP303H-Lab2   36E      AC     test
fe80::e86b:ceb9:86c6:b5eb 52(good)    351(good)
Number of Clients :1
Info timestamp :10923

AP303H-Lab2#
AP303H-Lab2# sh ip int brief
Interface                         IP Address / IP Netmask      Admin  Protocol
br0                                10.10.10.23 / 255.255.255.128 up    up
br0.3333                           172.31.98.1 / 255.255.254.0 up    up
AP303H-Lab2#
```

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh data
Datapath Session Table Entries
-----

Flags: F - fast age, S - src NAT, N - dest NAT
D - deny, R - redirect, Y - no syn
H - high prio, P - set prio, T - set ToS
C - client, M - mirror, V - VOIP
I - Deep inspect, U - Locally destined
s - media signal, m - media mon, a - rtp analysis
E - Media Deep Inspect, G - media signal
A - Application Firewall Inspect
L - ALG session
O - Session is programmed through SDN/Openflow controller
p - Session is marked as permanent
RAP Flags: 0 - Q0, 1 - Q1, 2 - Q2, r - redirect to master, t - time based

Source IP      Destination IP     Prot SPort Dport Cntr Prio ToS Age Destination TAge Packets Bytes  Flags
-----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----
40.100.151.130
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  61107 53  0   0   0   1   dev27   3   1   50   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 20.43.111.112  6   50784 443  0   0   0   0   dev27   3   1f   c5c   SC
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  60526 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   6   1   4f   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  59850 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   2   1   40   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  59403 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   3   1   3c   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  58840 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   2   1   4b   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  58562 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   3   1   3c   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 34.98.75.36   6   50786 443  0   0   0   0   dev27   3   b    600   SC
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  58482 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   1   1   3c   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  58169 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   1e   1   3f   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 117.18.237.29  6   50773 80   0   0   0   0   dev27   1d   4   19c   SC
172.31.99.132 117.18.237.29  6   50771 80   0   0   0   0   dev27   1e   6   2d4   FSC
172.31.99.132 117.18.237.29  6   50790 80   0   0   0   0   dev27   2   4   254   SC
172.31.99.132 34.117.237.239 6   50792 443  0   0   0   0   dev27   1   4   2b1   SC
172.31.99.132 192.168.1.130  17  65457 53  0   0   0   0   dev27   1   1   53   FSCIA
172.31.99.132 34.107.221.82  6   50783 80   0   0   0   0   dev27   3   4   1d9   SC
172.31.99.132 34.107.221.82  6   50789 80   0   0   0   0   dev27   2   4   1db   SC

AP303H-Lab2#
```

Now connecting the wired client to the EO port of AP303H-Lab2

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller interface. In the top navigation bar, it says "aruba | VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | LAB2". On the left sidebar, there are links for "Dashboard", "Overview", "Networks", "Access Points", and "Clients". Under "Clients", "Wired (1)" is selected. A table lists one client: "Name" (AriyaP), "IP Address" (172.31.98.235), "MAC address" (f0:de:f1:64:0a:82), "OS" (Win 10), "AP" (AP303H-Lab2), and "Port" (0/0). The IP address and Port are highlighted in yellow.

And checking it from the CLI as well.

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh clients wired

Wired Client List
-----
Name      IP Address      MAC Address      OS      Network      Access Point      Role      IPv6 Address      Speed (mbps)
----      -----      -----      --      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----      -----
AriyaP    172.31.98.235  f0:de:f1:64:0a:82  Win 10  eth0        AP303H-Lab2    EO-Net    --          --
Info timestamp :11384

AP303H-Lab2#
```

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh port status

Port Status
-----
Port Type Admin-State Oper-State STP-State Dot3az Loop-Protect Storm-Control Loop-Detection-TX
Loop-Detection-RX
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----
eth0 GE up up Off Disable OFF 0 0
eth1 GE up down Off Disable OFF 0 0
eth2 GE up down Off Disable OFF 0 0
eth3 GE up down Off Disable OFF 0 0
eth4 USB up down Off Disable OFF 0 0

AP303H-Lab2#
```

Again, both the clients Wired (172.31.98.235) and wireless (172.31.99.132) have full connectivity between themselves as well. Here below is the session table when I was pinging 172.31.99.132 from 172.31.98.235

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh datapath session | incl 172.31.9
172.31.99.132 35.165.184.220 6 50804 443 0 0 0 2 dev27 c56 c 7c2 SC
172.31.98.235 172.31.99.132 1 37 2048 0 0 0 1 dev8 30 1 3c FCI
172.31.98.235 172.31.99.132 1 38 2048 0 0 0 1 dev8 2b 1 3c FCI
172.31.98.235 172.31.99.132 1 39 2048 0 0 0 1 dev8 26 1 3c FCI
172.31.98.235 172.31.99.132 1 40 2048 0 0 0 0 dev8 21 1 3c FCI
172.31.99.132 172.31.98.235 1 38 0 0 0 0 1 dev8 2b 1 3c FI
172.31.99.132 172.31.98.235 1 39 0 0 0 0 1 dev8 26 1 3c FI
172.31.99.132 172.31.98.235 1 37 0 0 0 0 1 dev8 30 1 3c FI
172.31.99.132 172.31.98.235 1 40 0 0 0 0 1 dev8 21 1 3c FI
172.31.98.235 20.197.71.89 6 61523 443 0 0 0 17 dev8 54f d be3 SC
172.31.98.235 224.0.0.251 17 5353 5353 0 0 0 1 dev8 5e 5 151 FC
172.31.98.235 224.0.0.22 2 2 2 0 0 0 1 dev8 5e 5 c8 FC
172.31.98.235 239.255.255.250 17 52474 1900 0 0 0 0 dev8 5e 6 3de FC
172.31.99.132 20.198.162.76 6 50764 443 0 0 0 14 dev27 1046 16 fa3 SC
172.31.99.132 20.198.162.76 6 50769 443 0 0 0 1 dev27 e85 f b1b SC
172.31.99.132 35.244.181.201 6 50828 443 0 0 0 0 dev27 26f f 690 SC
172.31.98.235 224.0.0.252 17 62658 5355 0 0 0 1 dev8 5e 1 34 FCA
172.31.98.235 13.107.5.88 6 61525 443 0 0 0 3 dev8 f1 e 5ce SC

AP303H-Lab2#
```

7 WiFi Uplink with Dot1x Auth

Here we'll configure dot1x authentication for our previously PSK based WiFi uplink network. This solution could be used for deployments where you don't want to use an external RADIUS server such as ClearPass.

7.1 Dot1x Authenticated WiFi Uplink

On the AP-505H we'll changed the security setting to WPA2-Enterprise and using Internal DB as authentication server (you can also use any external RADIUS server like ClearPass). This is shown below.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller interface. On the left, the navigation menu includes Dashboard, Overview, Networks, Access Points, Clients, Mesh Devices, Configuration (selected), Networks, Access Points, System, RF, Security (selected), and IDS. In the center, under 'Configuration' > 'Security', the 'Users' section is open. A modal window titled 'Add new user' is displayed, containing fields for Username ('ArubalAP'), Password ('*****'), Retype ('*****'), and Type ('Employee'). Below the form are 'Cancel' and 'OK' buttons. The main table area shows a single entry: 'Name' (ArubalAP) and 'Type' (Employee). A message at the bottom right says 'No data to display'.

This screenshot shows the same Aruba Virtual Controller interface after the user 'ArubalAP' has been added. The 'Users' table now lists the newly created user 'ArubalAP' under the 'Name' column and 'Employee' under the 'Type' column. The rest of the interface remains the same, with the 'Security' tab still selected in the navigation bar.

Then we'll reconfigure the security component of the SG11 WLAN network.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller interface for the 'edit SG11' configuration. The 'Basic' tab is selected. Under 'Security Level', the 'Security Level' dropdown is set to 'Enterprise'. The 'Key management' dropdown is set to 'WPA2-Enterprise'. The 'Authentication server 1' dropdown is set to 'InternalServer'. There are additional settings for 'Reauth interval' (hrs.) and 'MAC authentication' (checkboxes for 'Perform MAC authentication before 802.1X' and 'MAC authentication fail-thru'). At the bottom, it shows 'Internal server' and '1 User'.

Now on the AP-303H which is using WiFi Uplink we need to change the mode of and type of dot1x authentication

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller configuration interface. On the left, there's a navigation sidebar with sections like Networks, Access Points, Clients, Mesh Devices, Configuration, System, RF, Security, IDS, Routing, Tunnelling, Services, and DHCP Server. Under the WiFi section of the configuration, the 'Management' tab is selected. It shows fields for Name (SSID) set to SG11, Key management set to WPA2-Enterprise, Band set to 5 GHz, AP1X type set to PEAP, Username set to ArubaIAP, and Password set to a masked value. There's also a Validate server toggle switch.

When you make any changes here, you need to reboot the AP303H-Lab2. Now when the AP reboots, it will make a successful dot1x authentication for its WiFi uplink.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller dashboard. The left sidebar includes links for Overview, Networks, Access Points, Clients, Mesh Devices, and Configuration. The main area displays 'Access Points (1)' with a table. The table has columns for Name, IP Address, Mode, Clients, Type, Channel, Power, Utilization, Noise, Radio 1, Radio 2, and Radio 3. One row is shown for AP303H-Lab2 with IP 10.10.10.23, Mode access, Type 303H(ind...), Channel 36E, Power 12 dBm, Utilization 4%, Noise -92 dBm, Radio 1 Channel 1, Power 6 dBm, Utilization 18%, Noise -89 dBm, and Radio 2, 3 channels with noise values of - and -. Below the table, there are tabs for Overview, Client Match, AppRF, Spectrum, Cellular, and Wi-Fi Uplink, with Wi-Fi Uplink selected. Further down, there are sections for SSID (SG11), Band (5GHz-VHT-80sgi-2ss), and RSSI (57).

And we have a wired client that successfully connects

The screenshot shows the Aruba Virtual Controller dashboard. The left sidebar includes links for Overview, Networks, Access Points, and Clients. The main area displays 'Wireless (0)' and 'Wired (1)' sections. The 'Wired (1)' section has a table with columns for Name, IP Address, MAC address, OS, AP, and Port. One row is shown for AriyaP with IP 10.10.10.25, MAC f0:de:f1:64:0a:82, OS Win 10, AP AP303H-Lab2, and Port 0/0.

Here is the config and status of the WiFi uplink

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh wifi-uplink config
```

```
ESSID :SG11
Cipher Suite :wpa2-ccmp
Wifilx :wifilx peap ArubaIAP *****
Passphrase :
Band :dot11a
```

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh wifi-uplink status
```

```
Configured :YES
Enabled :YES
State :UP
Interfaces :aruba001
Now :2021-10-27 12:19:56
SSID :SG11
BSSID :d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70
Unicast/Multicast Encryption :wpa2-aes-enterprise wpa2-aes-enterprise
```

```

Link Health :99
AID :1
IP Address :10.10.10.23
Subnet Mask :255.255.255.128
Gateway :10.10.10.1
Associated Time :7m:23s
Associated AP Beacon Time :2h:6m:2s
Channel :36E
RSSI :56
Noise Floor :92
Phy :5GHz-VHT-80sgi-2ss
Maximum Speed (mbps) :866
Overall/Tx/Rx Goodput (mbps) :83.3 127.6 38.4
Last Tx Timestamp :2021-08-16 10:17:10
Last Rx Timestamp :2021-08-16 10:17:10
Last Tx Rate (mbps) :866
Last Rx Rate (mbps) :866
Last ACK RSSI :51

```

AP303H-Lab2#

Now checking the uplink status

AP303H-Lab2# sh uplink status

```

Uplink preemption :enable
Uplink preemption interval :120
Uplink enforce :none
Uplink wired-1 :DHCP
Internet failover :disable
Max allowed test packet loss :10
Secs between test packets :30
VPN failover timeout (secs) :180
Internet check timeout (secs) :10
AP1X type:NONE
Certification type:NONE
Validate server:NONE

```

Uplink Table

Type	VLAN	State	Reach	State	Prio	In Use	Interface	IP	Mask	GW
Sent	Lost	Cont	lost							
Ethernet	1	DOWN	DOWN		0	No	br0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	--
0.0.0.0	0	0	0							
Cellular	0	INIT	INIT		7	No	ppp0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	--
0.0.0.0	0	0	0							
Wifi-sta	0	UP	UP		6	Yes	wuplink0	10.10.10.23	255.255.255.128	--
10.10.10.1	0	0	0							

Wired Port Table

Port	State	Type	Bonding (Admin/Oper/Active)
eth0	UP	LAN	No/Yes/Yes
eth1	DOWN	LAN	No/No/No
eth2	DOWN	LAN	No/No/No
eth3	DOWN	LAN	No/No/No

AP303H-Lab2#

Here is some additional info and the wired client.

AP303H-Lab2# sh ip int b

Interface	IP Address / IP Netmask	Admin	Protocol
-----------	-------------------------	-------	----------

```
br0          169.254.72.191 / 255.255.0.0      up      up
br0.3333     172.31.98.1 / 255.255.254.0    up      up
wuplink0     10.10.10.23 / 255.255.255.128   up      up
```

```
AP303H-Lab2# sh clients wired
```

Wired Client List

Name	IP Address	MAC Address	OS	Network	Access Point	Role	IPv6 Address	Speed (mbps)
AriyaP	10.10.10.25	f0:de:f1:64:0a:82	Win 10	eth0	AP303H-Lab2	E0-Net	--	--
Info timestamp		:885						

```
AP303H-Lab2#
```

8 Instant AP (WiFi 6) with WiFi Uplink

Now we'll configure the same thing with AP-505H. It is the same as AP-303H.

We need to

1. Disable the Extended SSID
2. Configuration WiFi uplink for PSK or dot1x
3. And ensure that the uplink priority list has the WiFi-sta at the top if you want it to be the primary uplink.
4. Configure some WiFi and Wired network for testing

8.1 PSK based Testing

Here are the screenshot to show that AP-515 successfully connected to its primary WiFi uplink. We are using WPA2-PSK based authentication.

aruba | VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | SetMeUp-C9:2B:30

Dashboard

Access Points (1)

Name	IP Address	Mode	Clients	Type	Radio 0	Radio 1	Radio 2
AP515-Lab1	10.10.10.22	access	0	515(indo...)	Channel 149E Power 12 dBm Utilization 2% Noise -95 dBm	Channel 1 Power 9 dBm Utilization 8%	Channel - Power - Utilization -

Wi-Fi Uplink

SSID	Encryption
SG11	wpa2-aes-psk

Band 5GHz-VHT-80sgi-2ss

RSSI 55

Noise Floor -95 (dBm)

Configuration

```
AP515-Lab1# sh ip int b
Interface                                IP Address / IP Netmask      Admin   Protocol
br0                                         0.0.0.0 / 0.0.0.0          up      up
br0.3333                                    172.31.98.1 / 255.255.254.0 up      up
wuplink0                                     10.10.10.22 / 255.255.255.128 up      up
```

```
AP515-Lab1#
```

```
AP515-Lab1# sh uplink status
```

```
Uplink preempton           :enable
Uplink preempton interval :600
Uplink enforce             :none
Uplink wired-1            :DHCP
Internet failover         :disable
Max allowed test packet loss :10
Secs between test packets :30
VPN failover timeout (secs) :180
Internet check timeout (secs) :10
AP1X type:NONE
Certification type:NONE
Validate server:NONE
```

```
Uplink Table
```

Type	VLAN	State	Reach	State	Prio	In Use	Interface	IP	Mask	GW
Sent	Lost	Cont	lost					--	----	--
Ethernet	1	DOWN		DOWN	0	No	br0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	
0.0.0.0	0	0		0						
Cellular	0	INIT		INIT	7	No	ppp0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	
0.0.0.0	0	0		0						

```

Wifi-sta 0      UP      UP      6      Yes      wuplink0  10.10.10.22  255.255.255.128
10.10.10.1 0      0      0

Wired Port Table
-----
Port  State   Type   Bonding (Admin/Oper/Active)
-----
eth0  DOWN    WAN    Yes/Yes/Yes
eth1  DOWN    WAN    Yes/Yes/Yes

AP515-Lab1#

```

```

AP515-Lab1# sh wifi-uplink status

Configured          :YES
Enabled            :YES
State              :UP
Interfaces         :aruba000
Now                :2021-10-27 14:18:29
SSID               :SG11
BSSID              :d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70
Unicast/Multicast Encryption :wpa2-aes-psk wpa2-aes-psk
Link Health        :99
AID                :1
IP Address         :10.10.10.22
Subnet Mask        :255.255.255.128
Gateway            :10.10.10.1
Associated Time    :5m:2s
Associated AP Beacon Time :17m:38s
Channel            :149E
RSSI               :55
Noise Floor        :95
Phy                :5GHz-VHT-80sgi-2ss
Maximum Speed (mbps) :866
Overall/Tx/Rx Goodput (mbps) :150 119.1 720.6
Last Tx Timestamp  :2021-08-16 10:13:39
Last Rx Timestamp  :2021-08-16 10:13:42
Last Tx Rate (mbps) :866
Last Rx Rate (mbps) :866
Last ACK RSSI      :55

AP515-Lab1#

```

Here we'll quickly cover the configuration of Wired network for E0 of AP-515. The first thing is to ensure it's the mode for E0 and 1 are as shown below.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for the AP515-Lab1. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Dashboard', 'Overview', 'Networks', 'Access Points', 'Clients', 'Mesh Devices', 'Configuration' (selected), 'Networks', 'Access Points', and 'System'. The main panel is titled 'Edit Access Point AP515-Lab1' and has a 'General' tab. Under 'Uplink', the 'Uplink management VLAN' is set to 0. For 'Eth0 mode', 'Downlink' is selected. For 'Eth1 mode', 'Platform default' is selected. A 'USB port' toggle switch is turned off. At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'PEAP User' and 'Upload Certificate'.

Then as we per our wired configuration on AP-303H, we'll do the same thing here.

aruba | VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | SetMeUp-C9:2B:30

edit E0-Net

1 Basic **2 VLAN** **3 Security** **4 Access** **5 Assignment**

Name & Usage	
Name	E0-Net
Type	Wired
Primary usage	Employee
POE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Admin status	Up

Configuration **Networks**

aruba | VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | SetMeUp-C9:2B:30

edit E0-Net

1 Basic **2 VLAN** **3 Security** **4 Access** **5 Assignment**

VLAN Management	
Mode	Access
Client IP assignment	<input type="radio"/> Virtual Controller managed <input checked="" type="radio"/> Network assigned
Native VLAN	1

VLAN Assignment Rules

No data to display

Configuration **Networks**

aruba | VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | SetMeUp-C9:2B:30

edit E0-Net

1 Basic **2 VLAN** **3 Security** **4 Access** **5 Assignment**

Security	
Port type	Untrusted
MAC authentication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
802.1X authentication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Configuration **Networks**

aruba | VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | SetMeUp-C9:2B:30

edit E0-Net

1 Basic **2 VLAN** **3 Security** **4 Access** **5 Assignment**

Access Rules	
Access Rules	Unrestricted
Download roles	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
No restrictions on access based on destination or type of traffic	

Configuration **Networks**

aruba | VIRTUAL CONTROLLER | SetMeUp-C9:2B:30

edit E0-Net

1 Basic **2 VLAN** **3 Security** **4 Access** **5 Assignment**

0/0	E0-Net	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0/1	wired-SetMeUp	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0/2	wired-SetMeUp	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0/3	wired-SetMeUp	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0/4	wired-SetMeUp	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Next we'll connect a wired client to AP515-Lab1's EO.

Dashboard Overview

- Networks:** 1 Active, 0 Inactive
- Access Points:** 1 Up, 0 Down
- Clients:** 1 Wireless, 1 Wired

Info

Name	SetMeUp-C9:2B:30	Country code	AU
Virtual Controller IP	0.0.0.0	Management	Local
Conductor	10.10.10.22	IPv6 Address	--
Uplink type	Wifi-sta	Uplink status	UP

Dashboard

Wireless (0) Wired (1)

Name	IP Address	MAC address	OS	AP	Port
AriaP	10.10.10.25	f0:de:f1:64:0a:82	Win 10	AP515-Lab1	0/0

```
AP515-Lab1# sh clients wired

Wired Client List
-----
Name      IP Address    MAC Address      OS      Network   Access Point   Role      IPv6 Address   Speed (mbps)
-----  -----
AriyaP  10.10.10.25  f0:de:f1:64:0a:82  Win 10  eth0     AP515-Lab1  EO-Net   --
Info timestamp :1817

AP515-Lab1#
AP515-Lab1# sh port status

Port Status
-----
Port Type Admin-State Oper-State STP-State Dot3az Loop-Protect Storm-Control Loop-Detection-TX
Loop-Detection-RX
-----
eth0 2.5GE up      up      N/A      Disable OFF      OFF      0          0
eth1 GE      up      down    N/A      Disable OFF      OFF      0          0
eth2 USB     up      down    N/A      Disable OFF      OFF      0          0
AP515-Lab1#
```

8.2 Dot1x Testing

Here is the screenshot to show that AP-515 successfully connected to its primary WiFi uplink. We are using dot1x based authentication.

Dashboard

Access Points (1)

Name	IP Address	Mode	Clients	Type	Radio 0			Radio 1			Radio 2					
					Channel	.Power	Utilization	Noise	Channel	.Power	Utilization	Noise	Channel	.Power	Utilization	Noise
AP515-Lab1	10.10.10.22	access	0	515(indo)	52E	12 dBm	1%	-96 dBm	1	9 dBm	11%	-93 dBm	-	-	-	-

Access Points

- Overview
- Client Match
- Cellular
- Wi-Fi Uplink

SSID	SG11	Encryption	wpa2-aes-enterprise wpa2-aes-enterprise
Band	5GHz-VHT-80sgi-ss	Channel	52E
RSSI	53	Noise Floor	-96 (dBm)

```
AP515-Lab1# sh ip int b
Interface                  IP Address / IP Netmask      Admin  Protocol
br0                         0.0.0.0 / 0.0.0.0        up    up
br0.3333                    172.31.98.1 / 255.255.254.0  up    up
wuplink0                   10.10.10.22 / 255.255.255.128 up    up
```

```
AP515-Lab1#
```

```
AP515-Lab1# sh uplink status
```

```
Uplink preemption          :enable
Uplink preemption interval :600
Uplink enforce             :none
Uplink wired-1             :DHCP
Internet failover          :disable
Max allowed test packet loss :10
Secs between test packets   :30
VPN failover timeout (secs) :180
Internet check timeout (secs) :10
AP1X type:NONE
Certification type:NONE
Validate server:NONE
```

```
Uplink Table
```

Type	VLAN	State	Reach	State	Prio	In Use	Interface	IP	Mask	GW
Sent	Lost	Cont	lost							
Ethernet	1	DOWN	DOWN		0	No	br0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	
0.0.0.0	0	0	0							
Cellular	0	INIT	INIT		7	No	ppp0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	
0.0.0.0	0	0	0							
Wifi-sta	0	UP	UP		6	Yes	wuplink0	10.10.10.22	255.255.255.128	
10.10.10.1	0	0	0							

```
Wired Port Table
```

Port	State	Type	Bonding (Admin/Oper/Active)
eth0	DOWN	WAN	Yes/Yes/Yes
eth1	DOWN	WAN	Yes/Yes/Yes

```
AP515-Lab1#
```

```
AP515-Lab1# sh wifi-uplink status
```

```
Configured          :YES
Enabled            :YES
State              :UP
Interfaces         :aruba000
Now                :2021-10-27 13:05:47
SSID               :SG11
BSSID              :d0:d3:e0:b2:41:70
Unicast/Multicast Encryption :wpa2-aes-enterprise wpa2-aes-enterprise
Link Health        :99
AID                :1
IP Address         :10.10.10.22
Subnet Mask        :255.255.255.128
Gateway            :10.10.10.1
Associated Time    :4m:4s
Associated AP Beacon Time :11m:28s
Channel            :52E
RSSI               :53
Noise Floor        :96
Phy                :5GHz-VHT-80sgi-2ss
Maximum Speed (mbps) :866
Overall/Tx/Rx Goodput (mbps) :150.9 123.2 684.2
Last Tx Timestamp  :2021-10-27 13:05:46
```

```
Last Rx Timestamp :2021-10-27 13:05:46
Last Tx Rate (mbps) :866
Last Rx Rate (mbps) :866
Last ACK RSSI :55

AP515-Lab1#
```

And here is the view from the Instant Cluster that AP515-Lab1 has connected to.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Instant Cluster dashboard. On the left sidebar, under the 'Clients' section, there is a table for 'Wireless (1)' clients. The table includes columns for Name, IP Address, MAC address, OS, ESSID, Access Point, Channel, Type, Role, IPv6 Address, Signal, and Speed (Mbps). One client, 'ArubaAP', is listed with the details: IP Address 10.10.10.22, MAC address 9c:8c:d8:12:b3:10, OS NOFP, ESSID SG11, Access Point AP505H-Lab1, Channel 52E, Type AC, Role SG11, Signal 54, and Speed 866 Mbps. Below this table, there is an 'Info' section with detailed client information and an 'RF Dashboard' with signal strength and speed metrics for the connected access point.

And here is when we have connected the wired client to AP515-Lab1.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Instant Cluster dashboard. On the left sidebar, under the 'Clients' section, there is an 'Overview' table. The table shows 1 active network, 1 access point, and 1 wired client. The 'Info' section provides details about the virtual controller: Name SetMeUp-C9:2B:30, Country code AU, Virtual Controller IP 0.0.0.0, Management Local, Conductor 10.10.10.22, IPv6 Address --, and Uplink type WiFi-station. The uplink status is UP.

The screenshot shows the Aruba Instant Cluster dashboard. On the left sidebar, under the 'Clients' section, there is a table for 'Wired (1)' clients. The table includes columns for Name, IP Address, MAC address, OS, AP, and Port. One client, 'AriyaP', is listed with the details: IP Address 10.10.10.25, MAC address f0:de:f1:64:0a:82, OS Win 10, AP AP515-Lab1, and Port 0/0.

```
AP515-Lab1# sh clients wired

Wired Client List
-----
Name    IP Address   MAC Address      OS      Network  Access Point  Role     IPv6 Address  Speed (mbps)
-----  -----  -----
AriyaP  10.10.10.25  f0:de:f1:64:0a:82  Win 10  eth0    AP515-Lab1  E0-Net  --        -
Info timestamp :1817

AP515-Lab1# sh data
datapath          Datapath information
datatunnelcert

AP515-Lab1# sh datap session
Datapath Session Table Entries
-----

Flags: F - fast age, S - src NAT, N - dest NAT
D - deny, R - redirect, Y - no syn
H - high prio, P - set prio, T - set ToS
C - client, M - mirror, V - VOIP
I - Deep inspect, U - Locally destined
s - media signal, m - media mon, a - rtp analysis
E - Media Deep Inspect, G - media signal
```

A	- Application Firewall Inspect												
L	- ALG session												
O	- Session is programmed through SDN/Openflow controller												
p	- Session is marked as permanent												
h	- Https redirect error page												
X	- Http/https redirect for dpi denied session												
RAP Flags:	0 - Q0, 1 - Q1, 2 - Q2, r - redirect to conductor, t - time based, i - in flow												
Flow Offload Denylist Flags:	O - Openflow, E - Default, U - User os unknown, T - Tunnel												
R	- L3 route												
Source IP Offload flags	Destination IP	Prot	SPort	Dport	Cntr	Prio	ToS	Age	Destination	TAge	Packets	Bytes	Flags
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
10.10.10.25	20.197.71.89	6	55743	443	0	0	0	5	dev8	163	c	9b7	C
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.22	6	61654	4343	0	0	0	1	dev24	e	6	308	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.22	6	61655	4343	0	0	0	1	dev24	e	6	308	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.22	6	61658	4343	0	0	0	1	dev24	e	7	6ca	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.22	6	61659	4343	0	0	0	1	dev24	e	8	6cb	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.22	6	61656	4343	0	0	0	1	dev24	e	6	308	FC
192.168.1.121	10.10.10.22	6	61657	4343	0	0	0	1	dev24	e	7	68a	FC
10.10.10.25	20.198.162.76	6	55741	443	0	0	0	8	dev8	28f	c	bbc	C
20.198.162.76	10.10.10.25	6	443	55741	0	0	0	8	dev8	28f	d	14d4	
10.10.10.22	192.168.1.121	6	4343	61657	0	0	0	0	dev24	e	c	2439	F
10.10.10.22	192.168.1.121	6	4343	61656	0	0	0	0	dev24	e	4	135	F
10.10.10.22	192.168.1.121	6	4343	61659	0	0	0	0	dev24	e	8	8e4	F
10.10.10.22	192.168.1.121	6	4343	61658	0	0	0	0	dev24	e	d	26e4	F